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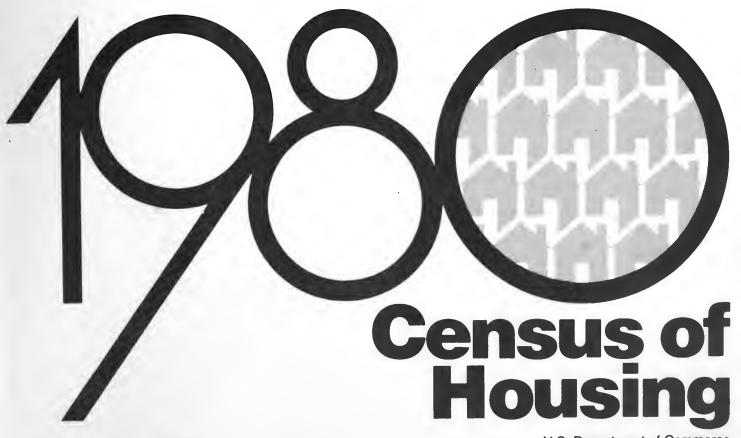
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

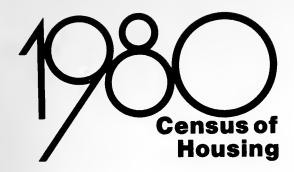
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VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BURLINGTON, VT.

HC80-2-108

Issued September 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race an Spanish origin are never suppressed other characteristics for persons a shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimate of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, an occupied housing units are never sur pressed; characteristics of year-roun housing units which are not classifie by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-roun housing units in the geographic area characteristics of families, households or occupied housing units are shown onl if there are at least 10 occupied housir, units within the geographic area; an distributions of data for owners or renter are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primar suppression criteria are applied inde pendently of one another. The comparabl figures for complete count (100-percent data are 15 or more persons and 5 o more housing units of the specified type

Population and occupied housing unicharacteristics cross-classified by race of Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BURLINGTON, VT.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-108

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s report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each tral city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for the geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for thouseholds in the area, 2 tables showing data for thouseholds in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant ts, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate te groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish gin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown by when certain population criteria are met. See page VII the Introduction for further information. To assist the der in using this report, the listings are presented as	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear				
ach geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for I households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant nits, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	x			
ce groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish rigin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown ally when certain population criteria are met. See page VII fethe Introduction for further information. To assist the ader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII			
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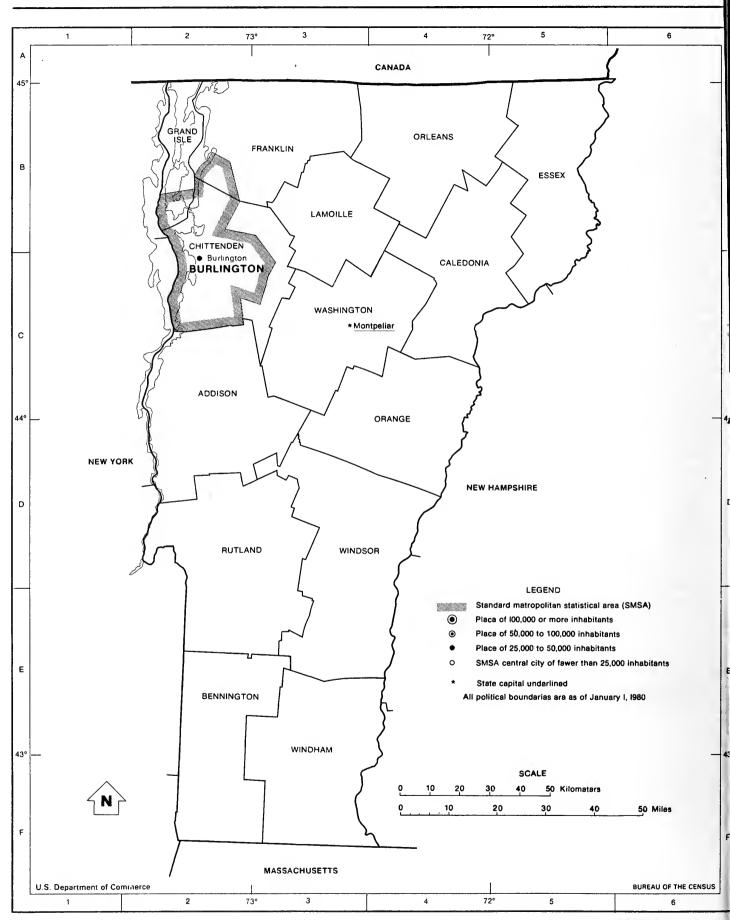
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
Condominium	1	_ 2	_ 3	4	_ 5	- 6
Year moved into unit		2	3	4	3	ų
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Rooms	1	2	-	-	5	6
Persons in unit	_	-	_	_	5	6
Bedrooms	1	2	_			_
Median rooms	1	2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Units in structure	_	2	_	-	_	_
Year structure built	1	2	_	_	5	6
Stories in structure	_	2	-	-	_	-
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4		
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS						
Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6
Air conditioning	1	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	_	_	3	4	_	_
House heating fuel	_	_	3	4	5	6
Water heating fuel	_	1	1	_		
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	-		-	-	5	6
Price asked	- 1	_	-	-	_	-
Mortgage status and selected						
monthly owner costs	-	-	3	_	_	
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income					5	6
Contract rent	_		_	4		_
Gross rent	_	_	_	1 4	_	_
Rent asked	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_
Gross rent as percentage of						•
household income	_	2	_	4	_	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly				ļ		
owner costs as percentage of					2.1	
household income	1	_	3	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1	_	_	_	_	
Income below poverty level	1	2	_	_	-	-
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and						
Aleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47	48	49	50	51	52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63

e .							
ect	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
CUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium Year moved into unit	_ 7	8	-	_	_	_ _	
LIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 — 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	 10 -	1 - 1	12 - 12 12	- - 13
UCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	= =	9 - -		11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 -
MBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	. 11	12	13
JIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	· 7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	12 - - -	- - - -
ANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-	- -	9 -	1 1	- - . 11	12	
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income : Contract rent	- - -	- - -	9 - 9	- - -	11 - 11	- - -	 - -
Rent asked	_ _	-	9	10	11	12	-
household income	- :	_	_	10		-	
Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9		11 11	- - -	- - -
table numbers listed above show data f race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	or all househoup comprises	olds. Similar of 10 percent of	lata are shown the area pop	in the tables listed ulation. For furthe	d below when there r explanation, see t	e are 10,000 or r	nore persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_	=
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 . 57 68	- - -	_

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as 05+, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative Income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

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Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

I Date are estimates based on a sample see Introduction. For meaning of symbols see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B1

	[Dato are estima	res based on	o sample, se	e introduction	. For meanin	g or symbols	, see introduc	mon. For det	nmons of ter	ms, see appen	gixes A ana B	j	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	17 405	55	279	877	2 014	4 170	3 888	4 080	1 185	718	139	52 800	57 300
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	13 694 242 3 391 3 596	32 - - 7	173 11 11 6	537 8 67 78	1 487 19 268 226	3 189 133 979 716	3 074 56 929 758	3 387 4 844 1 117	1 039 7 193 394	651 4 90 247	125 - 10 47	53 900 46 900 53 200 60 100	59 100 47 300 57 200 65 600
35 to 44 years	5 192 1 273 1 110 23 387 233	11 14 3 -	101 44 29 4 -	292 92 79 3 32 3	726 248 168 2 57	998 363 328 7 134 75	1 082 249 155 3 43 28	1 239 183 250 4 91 75	374 390 55 60 - 23 12	285 25 28 - 7	68 - 10 - 10	53 500 47 200 48 500 41 800 48 100 59 500	58 800 49 100 53 900 41 100 52 600 67 900
45 to 64 years	254 213 2 601 18 366	- 3 20 -	19 77 - 2	20 21 261 - 32 19	58 44 359 5 55	46 66 653 -	36 45 659 13 93	66 14 443 - 60	24 1 86 -	4 39 - 5	- 4 -	50 700 42 200 49 100 51 500 48 600	54 600 41 600 49 600 48 300 49 200
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	422 830 965 45.1	2 9 9 59.2	5 32 38 59.5	94 116 56.2	49 112 138 51.0	123 206 207 42.6	95 212 246 44.0	101 106 176 42.8	22 41 21 43.5	2 18 14 44.6	44.2	52 200 48 400 48 900	54 100 49 000 48 300
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 590 5 173 3 312 3 920 3 410	5 - 5 27 18	22 37 23 79 118	61 92 138 213 373	91 434 422 422 645	379 1 245 768 937 841	398 1 204 774 773 739	364 1 409 840 974 493	193 423 203 238 128	67 267 121 208 55	10 62 18 49 -	54 700 55 500 53 500 53 200 46 700	60 400 61 600 57 300 58 600 48 100
To 3 rooms	130 897 3 896 4 509 3 456 4 517 6.3	3 10 13 17 10 2 5.6	10 80 92 63 29 5 5.0	34 105 256 241 156 85 5.7	262 701 557 288 180 5.5	21 250 1 501 1 259 627 512 5.7	21 123 966 1 158 812 808 6.2	9 48 299 1 029 1 124 1 571 7.1	- 11 33 136 275 730 7.9	6 8 29 42 119 514 8.4	- 6 7 16 110 8.5+	36 000 39 700 46 300 50 800 57 400 68 500	40 700 40 600 46 300 52 100 59 600 74 200
BEDROOMS None	236 2 640 8 785 4 469 1 271	2 14 34 5	9 152 78 37 3	36 243 365 194 39	49 608 1 023 : 268 66	- 56 764 2 370 781 199	56 517 2 147 954 214	2 21 231 2 100 1 325 401	85 434 521 145	9 26 201 343 139	- - 33 41 65	37 500 45 600 45 000 51 900 60 000 68 100	37 500 45 900 45 100 54 800 65 100 75 100
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	2 186 2 631 4 301 3 037 1 327 3 923	2 2 24 4 2 21	20 2 47 45 31 134	27 47 94 143 98 468	213 347 345 231 834	323 567 1 054 973 412 841	453 740 1 015 838 230 612	787 729 1 193 431 257 683	312 193 295 164 45 176	176 114 203 77 14 134	42 24 29 17 7 20	65 000 56 300 55 400 50 100 47 500 46 400	69 600 61 500 59 900 53 600 50 100 50 300
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Median	754 1 388 906 1 011 2 525 2 827 4 284 2 730 980 \$23 677 \$25 701	17 11 - 7 5 15 - - - \$9 583 \$12 374	70 54 21 17 28 34 35 13 7 \$11 845 \$15 302	121 194 62 54 170 135 60 71 10 \$15 302 \$16 471	113 284 230 156 379 324 387 124 17 \$17 652 \$19 496	149 388 278 327 827 852 947 319 83 \$20 591 \$21 661	140 232 135 270 717 638 1 098 554 104 \$23 508 \$24 332	84 197 163 120 322 678 1 289 982 245 \$28 282 \$29 229	40 14 6 44 47 101 299 394 240 \$35 911 \$37 505	16 14 5 16 30 37 150 240 240 210 \$40 137 \$45 519	4 - 6 - 13 19 33 64 \$45 817 \$52 945	43 100 44 000 44 800 48 500 48 500 50 700 56 000 65 300 81 600 	45 400 44 600 47 700 50 500 49 100 53 300 59 700 69 700 88 900
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	13 243 3 966 2 951 2 481 1 438	12 7 - 	96 36 15 4 2	486 137 81 87 39	1 325 406 326 214 127	3 203 843 715 626 394	3 003 876 759 524 340	3 426 1 095 711 685 329	984 338 196 178 126	600 215 121 118 69	108 13 27 45 12	54 400 55 900 54 500 54 500 53 800	59 300 60 100 59 100 61 200 60 100
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Net mertgaged	828 1 533 46 19.5 4 162	10— 43	12 27 19.0 183	46 96 21.4 391	69 176 7 18.9 689	261 362 2 20.3 967	183 307 14 19.1 885	197 395 14 19.3	56 85 5 18.9 201	73 - 18.5	7 4 21.3	51 300 52 600 60 000 48 200	53 900 56 500 70 400 51 100
Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	1 390 1 011 582 290 233 131 505 20 13.4	12 16 3 2 - - 9 1 12.8	63 31 16 14 2 8 49	103 90 44 56 19 16 60 3 15.1	168 172 138 45 60 27 79	334 224 123 77 55 33 114 7	292 237 105 55 66 15 106 9	213 178 104 29 31 32 67 -	121 21 40 12 - 7 7	62 33 9 - 14 - 10—	22 9 - - - - - - 10—	50 400 48 900 47 100 42 900 48 000 46 000 44 200 44 300	56 600 50 900 50 100 44 100 47 000 44 800 45 500 42 100
I SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	17 319 290	48 15	266	861 48	1 994 40	4 157 76	3 877 64	4 074 38	1 185	718	139	52 900 45 700	57 500 42 600
1.01 or more persons per room 1.02 description of the second of	86 - 17 398	7 - 55	13 279	16 - 877	20 2 014	13	3 888	4 000	1 185	716	139	32 700 52 800	34 300 57 400
Central hearing system LiAr coaditioning Central system Lincome in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	14 565 3 307 168 635 3.6	34 1 2 - 5 9.1	162 40 47	648 105 2 76	1 641 305 8 94 4.7	3 584 676 20 141	3 273 783 29 141	3 422 876 61 70 1.7	1 012 239 5 37 3.1	243 26 20 2.8	125 34 17 4 2.9	53 200 55 200 67 300 46 400	58 200 62 100 83 100 48 600
rescent below poverty level	3.6	9.1	16.8	8.7	4.7	3.4	3.6	1.7	3.1	2.8	2.9	•••	

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The CAACA		Less thon	\$100 to	\$150 to	\$200 to	\$250 to	\$300 to	\$350 to	\$400 to	\$500 or	No cash	Median
The SMSA	Total	\$100	\$149	\$199	\$249	\$299	\$349	\$399	\$499	more	rent	(dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	13 324	660	727	1 739	2 783	2 593	1 826	1 232	879	415	470	259
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	3 831 787 1 656 417 590 381 3 651 1 377 1 362 345 411	74 2 16 2 - 54 116 18 - 6	171 22 20 14 60 55 206 55 47 23 56	414 101 157 39 53 64 542 149 211 58 94	751 201 359 42 108 41 777 252 326 100 83	816 219 368 59 105 65 601 238 250 48 65	582 117 290 42 88 45 513 244 196 44 23	369 68 223 30 31 17 387 157 160 37 33	313 45 128 79 42 19 301 160 130	128 3 48 41 31 5 113 79 23	213 9 47 69 72 16 95 25 19 9	274 263 284 321 266 210 259 290 266 238 207
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	156 5 842 1 828 1 507 492 732 1 283 29.6	71 470 7 14 13 44 392 73.4	25 350 67 66 5 75 137 50.3	30 783 272 189 59 107 156 29.5	16 1 255 380 379 134 142 220 28.9	1 176 423 365 122 116 150 28.2	731 300 239 42 85 65 27.9	476 203 118 38 85 32 27.9	265 94 87 27 33 24 28.1	174 69 42 30 28 5	8 162 13 8 22 17 102 47.9	125 249 274 262 259 245 169
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	6 895 3 999 1 160 788 482	196 210 154 60 40	290 163 150 55 69	748 579 220 129 63	1 307 1 026 195 159 96	1 375 809 226 129 54	1 091 556 71 83 25	800 324 47 48 13	686 150 30 6 7	334 46 12 18 5	68 136 55 101 110	282 248 206 229 207
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 or more rooms PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	539 1 499 3 059 4 311 2 365 949 602 3.9	71 240 252 60 14 10 13 2.6	133 138 157 176 91 17 15 3.1	168 470 549 264 158 90 40 2.9	91 345 1 048 850 325 90 34 3.4	37 194 578 1 166 400 162 56 3.9	25 63 260 934 438 76 30 4.1	30 82 522 406 175 17 4.5	5 6 53 219 343 151 102 5.0	7 10 28 93 66 211 6.5	9 6 70 92 97 112 84 5.1	163 191 225 282 317 333 453
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 324 13 019 8 038 4 638 254 89 305 131 158 3 13	660 652 515 130 7 - 8 8 - - - 328	727 638 371 233 27 7 89 35 54 -	1 739 1 685 1 038 571 45 31 31 7 36 -	2 763 2 732 1 731 956 25 20 32 19 	2 593 2 566 1 670 842 33 21 27 5 22	1 826 1 815 1 087 668 55 51 11 11 -	1 232 1 201 724 447 25 5 31 15 13 3	879 879 433 437 9 - - - - 198	415 410 188 211 11 - 5 - 5 - 137	470 441 281 143 17 	259 260 256 268 270 232 192 210 167 375 195
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 105 134 133 5	322 6 -	166 7 55 -	379 20 21 3	650 26 11	515 30 8	314 26 - -	309 16 7 ~	198 - - -	137 - - -	115 9 25 2	248 260 137 195
None	620 4 843 5 480 1 829 409 143	89 488 52 22 27	164 321 150 78 7	189 1 059 275 185 18 18	102 1 523 941 190 23 4	37 889 1 374 263 27	25 343 1 178 254 26 -	92 795 302 43	5 39 481 258 74 22	17 77 127 124 70	9 72 157 150 65 17	160 216 295 320 435 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	1 789 2 909 3 143 2 532 1 623 1 042 286	24 47 36 18 58 477	41 92 129 139 166 150	171 344 490 456 158 102 18	206 661 839 633 288 108 48	247 607 730 583 290 82 54	214 463 469 332 253 31 64	147 333 243 213 240 43 13	247 210 134 112 141 35	263 65 33 36 18 -	229 87 40 10 11 14 79	321 271 254 251 270 121 281
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	1 764 1 157 1 779 1 041 1 262 6 321	175 228 89 - 15 153	79 50 99 46 39 414	110 51 172 133 114 1 159	103 170 304 213 383 1 610	190 260 364 227 277 1 275	354 201 246 206 119 700	416 103 104 44 158 407	249 52 134 64 90 290	77 22 114 39 25 138	11 20 153 69 42 175	331 - 266 266 269 261 241
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	12 425 899 630	244 416 407	636 91 71	1 631 108 64	2 687 96 22	2 510 83 44	1 769 57 -	1 219 13	865 14 8	415 - -	449 21 14	264 125 81
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 389 1 952 1 859 1 486 1 045 2 038 2 949 606 28.9	90 74 280 92 66 34 24 –	141 65 130 112 45 146 67 21 25.8	266 237 203 188 114 363 353 15 29.1	254 601 369 296 197 355 680 31 27.6	238 481 300 305 253 344 648 24 29.4	193 220 272 227 175 366 362 11	145 120 140 144 99 154 410 20 32.9	57 114 134 101 71 147 241 14 31.9	5 40 31 21 25 129 164 - 45.1	470	239 250 242 258 267 267 278 252
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearling equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system	13 319 10 781 1 062 192	660 622 83 54	727 645 61 18	1 739 1 265 104 30	2 783 2 056 208 17	2 593 2 088 176 7	1 821 1 485 167 20	1 232 1 092 31 7	879 778 114 20	415 359 37 5	470 391 81 14	259 263 263 158

Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

6			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-								,
					н	ousehold inco	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	24 233	1 169	2 223	1 593	1 601	3 701	3 707	5 629	3 283	1 327	22 274	24 602	1 076
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	18 173 432	301	1 037 36	1 003 38	1 026 40	2 709 145	3 104 105	4 794 39	3 027 2	1 172 10	24 837 17 043	27 162 18 685	396 25
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	4 540 4 777	69 37	222 64	216 166	326 198	975 600	1 073 792	1 173 1 548	37Ī 996	115 376	21 869 27 484	23 388 30 143	122
45 to 64 years	6 629	84 94	243 472	337	215	715	1 013	1 845 189	1 571	606	28 629 13 365	30 774 17 474	83 107 59
65 years and over	1 795 2 026	150	273	246 1 83	247 157	274 345	121 251	416	87 141	65 110	18 417	22 017	135
15 to 24 years	98 711	30	20 49	183 24 58 16	14 53 37	18 168	102	13 181	37	33	13 393 19 918	17 332 22 961	37
35 to 44 years	384 463	19 32	28 34	16 37	37 30	70 39	67 65	88 126	29 61	30 39	21 222 24 596	25 614 26 140	37 24 32 35
65 years and over	370 4 034	69 718	142 913	48 407	23 418	50 647	12 352	8 419	14 115	4 4 5	9 261 12 371	12 553 14 366	35 545
15 to 24 years	95 658	6	25 131	6 86	11	22 130	7 55	13 68	5 12	17	14 886 13 297	16 592 15 199	11
25 to 34 years	599	33	110	90	103	126	49	58	24	6	14 114	15 861	77
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 272 1 410	147 442	192 455	132 93	167 68	223 146	173 68	175 105	43 31	20 2	14 970 7 624	16 870 10 933	154 187
Median ege	44.7	65.9	63.7	50.3	42.8	39.1	39.9	42.3	46.3	46.6	•••	•••	47.8
FEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	2 000	100	2/2	202	240	41.4	240	140	20.4	101	10 075	99 100	141
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	2 880 7 444	129 218	262 434	203 428	249 503	614 1 122	368 1 400	640 - 1 891	284 979	131 469	19 875 23 494	23 133 25 848	141 297
1970 to 1974	4 506 4 879	204 188	417 338	230 409	291 233	748 592	760 606	1 004 1 265	638 890	214 358	22 235 25 555	24 092 27 419	218 173
959 or earlier	4 524	430	772	323	325	625	573	829	492	155	18 341	20 954	247
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							A /				86	04 /	
1.01 or more persons per room	24 031 430	1 113	2 172 14	1 573 47	1 589 17	3 687 79	3 687 81	5 619 101	3 270 56	1 321 25	22 351 23 036	24 688 25 175	1 034 18
1.01 or mare persons per room	202	5 <u>6</u>	51	20	12	14	20	10	13	6	9 423	14 345	42
Central heating system	24 226 19 887	1 169 911	2 216 1 789	1 593 1 259	1 601 1 323	3 701 3 018	3 707 3 060	5 629 4 552	3 283 2 781	1 327 1 194	22 279 22 506	24 606 25 031	1 076 780
Vir conditioning	4 509 276	112	298 31	298 29	214 12	640 38	657 18	1 121	797 47	372 46	25 263 25 455	28 105 31 713	116
Central system	23 365	827	1 907	1 514	1 555	3 633	3 698	5 623	3 281	1 327	22 857	25 236	866
2 or more	9 036 14 329	597 230	1 356 551	913 601	851 704	1 848 1 785	1 334 2 364	1 448 4 175	488 2 793	201 1 126	17 156 26 883	18 917 29 221	503 363
louse heating fuel	24 226 3 438	1 169 163	2 216 321	1 593 285	1 601 230	3 701 562	3 707 485	5 629 804	3 283 433	1 327 155	22 279 21 787	24 606 23 407	1 076 140
Bottled, tank, or LP gasElectricity	531 3 199	29 99	76 208	72 165	33 201	116 468	81 501	72 744	41 491	11 322	17 560 24 554	19 632 27 747	30 105
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	13 713 3 345	754 124	1 373 238	876 195	933 204	2 022 533	2 091 549	3 088 921	1 851 467	725 114	21 957 23 114	24 383 24 544	632 169
Addian rooms	6.1	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.6	6.0	6.6	7.3	7.5	20 114		5.6
Specified owner-occupied housing units	17 405	754	1 388	906	1 011	2 525	2 827	4 284	2 730	980	23 677	25 701	635
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY													
With a mortgage	13 243	288	646	609	736	1 965	2 282	3 603	2 342	772	25 214	27 140	393
Less than \$200	321 1 124	22 58	49 135	39 122	30 121	55 184	46 148	54 242	10 99	16 15	16 202 18 367	19 987 20 335	14 71
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 029	32	107 67	161 68	185 123	387 383	380 400	443 604	287 240	47 40	21 713 23 456	23 561 24 440	41 77
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	2 028 2 983	53 35 34	115	91	100	366	342	502	394	83	24 176	26 458	
\$500 to \$599	1 359	27	115 105 32 22	67 17	115 52	418 129	599 220	923 459	571 270	151 153	26 150 28 795	27 833 31 287	53 72 35 21
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	955 466	18 9	14	23 21	4 6	17 26	118 29	281 95	340 131	132 135	33 486 34 633	36 747 42 268	9
Median	\$379 4 162	\$330	\$324 742	\$295	\$313	\$347	\$374	\$396	\$421	\$522 208	 17 877	 21 124	\$346 242
Less than \$50	28 29	466	2	297	275 -	560 15	545 -	681	388	_	17 667	11 245	11
1 \$50 to \$74	120	6 31	16 36	3	3	2 14	11	25	2	=	6 328 7 813	9 317 12 393	9 31
\$100 to \$124	375 649	79 84	122 182	30 45	18 55	30 101	39 50	45 87	12 32	13	9 481 13 114	13 016 16 070	44 21 57
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 466 908	115 80	249 92	124 60	112 76	235 131	242 121	209 205	130 99	50 44	18 053 21 210	20 638 23 367	57 44
\$250 or more	587 \$180	60 \$160	43 \$153	35 \$178	11 \$177	32 \$175	82 \$186	110 \$194	113 \$209	101 \$247	26 191	32 473	25 \$154
ORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$100	ψ100	4 100	Ψ170	Ψιτι	φίζ	φ100	4174	4 207	4541	•••	•••	¥1.54
Ith a mortgage	13 243 3 966	288	646	609	736	1 965	2 262	3 603	2 342 1 529	772	25 214	27 140 39 395	393
15 to 19 percent	2 951	_	=	27	92	108 383	342 724	1 317 1 165	476	663 84	36 305 26 583 23 184	28 055	,6
20 to 24 percent	2 481 1 438	Ξ	8 23	72 140	148 175 128	596 428	646 311	748 271	245 83	18 7	19 421	24 275 20 664	16 8
30 to 34 percent	828 1 533	242	85 530	111 259	128 186	289 161	140 119	70 32	5	=	16 347 9 946	16 886 10 785	8 303
Not computed	46 19.5	46 50+	50+	33.0	28.5	24.1	20.6	17.1	13.3	10.5	2500—	-1 657	46 50+
If mortgaged	4 162	466	742	297	275	560	545	681	388	208	17 877	21 124	242
ALess than 10 percent	1 390 1 011	=	2 34	3 62	105	88 359	223 262	505 153	357 31	203	32 393 19 342	37 291 20 244	5 3
15 to 19 percent	582 290	5 8	166 175	109	126 26	100	53	23			12 718 9 269	13 464 9 710	5 8
725 to 29 percent	233 131	21 23	152 97	68 50 5	3 6	7	Ė	=	-	_	8 376 6 540	8 407 6 716	9 2
Not computed	505 20	389 20	116	_	-	=	=	-	Ξ	=	3 940 2500—	4 208	190 20
Median	13.4	50 +	24.8	18.8	15.9	12.7	10.9	10-	10-	10-	2500-		50+
	**												

Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

{Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					н.	ousehold incom	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Incom 1979 be pov
Renter-occupied housing units	13 754	2 891	3 666	1 653	1 225	2 137	1 028	745	327	8 2	10 484	12 374	3.
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	4 059 825	251 86	836 192	530 113	480 121	953 204	5 18 91	223	105 12	63	14 648 12 944	16 139 12 962	4
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 729 450	53 18	248 72	175 43	275 31	493 105	274 37	155 82	40 33	16 29	16 168 18 382	17 088 21 066	1
45 to 64 years65 years and over	651 404	51 43	143 181	117 82	33 2 0	111 40	88 28	80	15 5	13	13 598 9 382	17 058 11 599	
Male householder, no wife present	3 757 1 386	687 300	992 458	441 155	345 91	573 144	302 87	270 117	128 34	19	11 131 9 275	13 106 11 781	8
25 to 34 years	1 422 369	183 26	303 68	168	161 30	300 74	136	122 18	41	8	13 385 16 250	14 312 17 825	Ĭ
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	413	77	125	65	46 17	50	20	13	ำำ	6	10 173	12 058	
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	167 5 938	101 1 953	38 1 838	682	400	611	208 50	152	94	_	4 535 7 442	5 996 9 3 37	2 0
15 to 24 years	1 859 1 513	655 248	534 529	248 182	93 206	205 146	127	58 49	16 26	_	7 588 9 802	8 988 11 465	3
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	512 748	88 217	185 226	82 86	33 41	101 110	25	10 16	13 27	-	9 579 7 23 0	10 715 10 073	1 2
65 years and over Median age	1 306 29.7	745 32 .7	364 29.4	84 29.8	27 29.1	49 29.3	28.9	19 29.2	12 34.5	41.3	4 659	6 406	2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to March 1980	7 044	1 518	1 887	813	609	1 066	504	426	198	23	10 360	12 314	1 8
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	4 142 1 210	701 274	1 013 377	472 129	469 77	729 228	399 74	235 34	80 15	44 2	11 891 9 190	13 358 10 981	8 2 2
1960 to 1969	825 533	248 150	242 147	135 104	55 15	74 40	19 32	26 24	13 21	13	8 172 8 378	11 009 10 784	2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	13 437	2 743	3 597	1 638	1 186	2 117	1 020	734	320	82	10 578	12 470	3 1
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	8 286 4 795	2 010 708	2 260 1 236	976 607	668 493	1 183 855	556 433	420 301	161 140	52 22	9 692 11 868	11 765 13 455	1 6
1.01 to 1.50	267 89	11 14	62 39	55 _	24	67 12	21 10	13	19	8 -	13 073 9 241	16 334 13 418	
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	317 134	148 76	69 15	15 13	39 15	20 7		11	7	-	5 461 4 598	8 312 7 610	1
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 ta 1.50	167 3	72	43	=	24	13	8	3	7	=	5 871 26 250	8 681 27 270	
1.51 or more	13	_	nī.	2	-	=	=	-	=	=	6 477	6 437	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Central heating system	13 749 11 061	2 891 2 198	3 661 2 906	1 653 1 330	1 225 1 038	2 137 1 744	1 028 814	745 674	327 279	82 78	10 488 10 802	12 375 12 719	3 3 2 4
Air conditioning	1 098 192	1 70 70	260 36	120 18	101	190 18	190	66 12	29	32 10	12 479 8 214	15 128 13 409	1
Vehicles available	10 516 7 019	1 312 1 018	2 623 2 124	1 326	1 065 781	2 047 1 257	981 454	731 269	309 96	82 16	12 494 10 915	14 206 12 062	19
2 ar more	3 497	294	499	322	304	810	527	462	213	66 82	17 416	18 509	3 3
Utility gas	13 749 4 090	2 891 985	3 661 1 196	1 653 540	1 225 329	2 137 651	1 028 158	745 139	327 80	12	10 488 9 347	12 375 10 955	11
Battled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	563 4 301	118 897	151 1 050	51 463	47 449	79 651	84 344	22 332	92	4 23	10 613 11 099	12 515 12 898	8
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	4 322 473 .	809 82	1 190 74	543 56	368 32	675 81	338 104	228 24	128 20	43	10 746 14 414	12 892 15 030	9
Median rooms	3.9	3.2	3.7	4.0	4.0	4,2	4.2	4.4	4.8	5.3	•••	•••	3
Specified renter-occupied housing units	13 324	2 862	3 569	1 596	1 188	2 049	764	721	284	69	10 362	12 181	3 2
CONTRACT RENT	070	500	150	22	20	24	40				4 225	5 948	,
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	870 1 545	599 465	150 607	23 174	20 90	36 129	42 36	31	7	6	4 235 6 822	8 560	3 4
\$150 ta \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 229 2 893	689 449	1 011 686	436 489	361 262	488 555	143 245	92 148	40	19	9 582 11 593	10 362 12 884	7.
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 972 1 286	305 102	467 275	258 67 40	262 150 173	488 555 383 231 79	223 174	109 167	52 91	25 6	12 074 15 596	14 184 17 313	4 2 1
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	556 378	100	114 69	40 31	48 60 2	79 65	58 22 15	77 70	36 28	4	13 750 14 833	15 646 17 472	1
\$500 ar more	125 470	111	41 149	13 65	2 22	65 25 58	15 28	5 22	11 10	4 5	12 404 9 023	17 282 11 645	1
Median	\$212	\$169	\$195	\$212	\$222	\$231	\$253	\$271	\$316	\$276			\$1
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	660 7 2 7	524 273	88 295	10 42	14 42	8 33	16 24	11	7	=	3 975 6 067	4 771 7 856	3 2
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 739 2 783	464 579	686 803	204 390	102 324	178	75 98	23 68	13	_ 5	7 402 10 061	8 785 10 583	4/
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 593 1 826	425 198	654 372	385 307	272	503 448 380	24 75 98 247 195	126 132	30 42 78	6	11 412 13 042	12 549 15 356	4 6 5 3 3 1'
\$350 to \$399	1 232 879	185	270	106	166 109 87	211 150	142 133	121		34 10	13 761	15 552	3
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	415	65 38	185 67	37 50	50	80	28 28 28	160 58 22	62 35	9	16 724 15 481	17 897 18 728	į
No cosh rent Median	470 \$2 59	111 \$209	149 \$240	65 \$2 62	22 \$266	58 \$278	\$305	\$346	10 \$374	\$331	9 023	11 645	\$2
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 389 1 952	6 36	46 75	24 146	81 245	248 805	288 412	402 196	234 33	60 4	25 025 18 016	27 145 : 18 531	
20 to 24 percent	1 859 1 486	266 102	261 409	299 384	318 227	453 293	180 50 20	75 21	33 7	=	13 314 11 510	13 300 11 721	1
30 to 34 percent	1 045 2 038	95 276	398 1 180	308 315	135 151	84 108	20 8	5	=	=	10 239	10 135	1
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	2 949	1 834	1 051	5 5	9	_	_	-	,=		8 070 4 281	8 472 4 419	1: 3: 1 9: 2
Not computed Medion	606 28.9	247 50+	149 40.0	65 28.9	22 24.0	5 8 19.6	28 17.3	22 14.2	10 1 2 .0	10—	6 647	8 908	50

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

(Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbals, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B1

	[Oata are estima	otes based on o	sample, see Intr	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	ils, see Introduct	ion. For definition	ons of terms, se	e oppendixes A	ond B]	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 243	321	1 124	2 029	1 978	2 028	2 983	1 359	955	466	379
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	606	20	127	104	48	96	91	60	34	26	352
2 persons	2 936	125	299	478	405 475	392	677	277	180	103	371
3 persons	2 759 3 897	43 66	264 240	395 608	4/5 582	433 580	596 959	316 410	166 333	71 119	373 389
5 persons	1 888	34 29	113	308	359	313	416	146	134	65	389 371
6 persons	741 294	4	66 15	77 38	94 9	135 50	137 90	68 56 26	90 10	45 22 15	389 428
8 or more persons	122 3.58	2.86	3.02	21 3.56	3.60	29 3.66	17 3.63	26 3.56	8 3.79	15 3.78	423
	3.50	2.00	3.02	3.30	3.00	3.00	3.03	3.50	3.77	3.70	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	11 092 - 220	251 2	796 14	1 661 26	1 730 35	1 706 40	2 543 77	1 174	813 22	418	382 391
25 to 34 years	3 340 3 419	26 71	91 125	394 390	451 537	532 589	943 821	517 339	235 377	151 170	416 400
35 to 44 years	3 819	126	494	771	655	525	669	303	179	97	340 281
65 years and over	294 773	26 10	72 61	80 121	655 52 73	20 124	33 181	11 94	78	31	281 399
15 to 24 years	20	- "-	4	3	2	7	4	_	_	_	357
25 to 34 years	355 191	-	32 6	49 40	4) 1)	59 24	78 52	48 35	43 7	5 16	397 432
45 to 64 years	178	7	19	23	19	34	35	ii	20	10	381
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	29 1 378	3 60	267	247	175	198	12 259	91	8 64	17	423 333 225
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	5 366	- 6	5 51	- 75	_ 26	48	. 101	18	36	5	225 376
35 to 44 years	405		46	91	83	78	63	27	13	4	339
45 to 64 years65 years and over	443 159	30 24	127 38	60 21	53 13	46 26	86	22 24	11	8	304 292
Median age	40.2	54.7	50.6	43.5	41.2	39.6	37.7	36.9	38.2	39.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980	1 432	10	53	112	86	117	341	274	272	167	499
1975 to 1978	4 786 2 903	28 55	122 146	392 546	564 655	801 643	1 411 599	721 134	536 78	211 47	429 354
1960 to 1969	3 037	121	526	617	568	409	503	188	69	* 36	322 272
1959 or earlier	1 085	107	277	362	105	58	129	42	-	5	272
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	85	. 6	33	. 8	15	2	12	.2	7	_	272
4 rooms5 rooms	451 2 848	41 93	64 411	143 659	64 522 637	31 475	89 481	16 129	54	3 24	292 325
6 rooms	3 399 2 772	80 54	324 157	580 334	637	488 540	715	364 270	166	24 45 52	358 387
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	3 688	47	135	305	437 303	492	675 1 011	578	166 253 475	342	367 446
Medion	6.5	5.8	5.7	5.9	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.1	7.5	8.3	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to Morch 1980	2 040 2 404	6	36	145	191	236	513	351	388 201	174	479
1970 to 1974	3 646	2 94	61 280	290 598	387 628	436 599	686 810	248 373	201	93 62	404 369
1950 to 1959	1 985 891	57 38	254 141	352 200	354 115	308 95	460 127	101 108	49 36	50 31	347 329
1939 or earlier	2 277	124	352	444	303	354	387	178	79	56	336
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000	12	10	2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	100-
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	96 486	28	50 143	11 146	3 56	2 40	2	-	12	_	220 262
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 325	65 70	252	353 795	355 553	188	24 82	15	2	8	298
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	3 203 3 003	93 42	357 231	795 439	553 525	642 465	582 915	167 287	14 81	18	332 378
\$60,000 to \$79,999	3 426	9 [73	225	417	550	1 021	594	444	93	438
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	984 600	2 2	8 2	44 16	50 19	92 43	254 99	203 88	201 176	130 155	521 626
\$130,000 or more	108	- 1	6	_	-	6	4	5	25	62	750+
Median	\$54 400	\$39 000	\$43 100	\$46 600	\$50 300	\$53 200	\$58 600	\$67 400	\$75 200	\$98 400	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEKOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less thon 15 percent	3 966	181	564	925	729	584	613	212	101	57	321
15 to 19 percent	2 951	57	193	470	525	531	693	249	180	53	372
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	2 481 1 438	20 11	112 74	245 167	353 142	336 215	743 360	313 216	289 165	70 88	421 425
30 to 34 percent	828	7	75	76	79	104	222	162	46	57	427
35 percent or more Not computed	1 533 46	45	99	139	133 17	258	346	202 5	174	137 4	425 326
Medion	19.5	13.3	.14.9	15.9	17.4	19.0	21.2	23.5	23.4	27.9	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	7										
Heating equipment	13 243	321	1 124	2 029	1 978	2 028	2 983	1 359	955	466	379
Steam or hot water systemCentral warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	4 250 4 936	56 134	184 636	418 1 028	500 837	624 708	1 188 939	623 372	450 171	207 111	427 340
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, woll, or pipeless fumoce	1 707	20	61	195	266	357	370	153 14	176 8	109	394 379
Other means	2 284	106	14 229	10 378	375	332	478	197	150	39	358
Air conditioning	2 545 113	36	184	406 25	346 16	381 11	570 22	321 15	1 97 13	114	389 413
1 or more individual room units	2 432	36	182	381	330	370	548	306	174	105	389
House heating fuel	13 243 1 847	321 41	1 124 159	2 029 367	1 978 300	2 029 347	2 983 450	1 359 120	955 47	466 16	379 358
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	311	9	33 72	66	54	40	68	14	22	5	344 393
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 826 7 350	20 185	719	202 1 096	287 1 032	384 973	393 1 619	171 855	182 580	115 : 291	393 383 375
Other	1 909	66	141	298	305	284	453	199	124	39	375

Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	4 162	28	29	120	375	649	1 466	908	587	180
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person 2 persons	979 1 778	13 8	6 13	29 54	124 199	207 258	344 671	166 358	90 217	166 177
3 persons	665		.,	23	32 18	129	220	124	130	
4 persons5 persons5	361 213		3	3 11	18	24 24	116	136 68	64 41	207
6 persons	69	-	-	'-	2	-	66	34	24	182 207 202 235 201 180
7 persons 8 or more persons	65 32	7	-	=		7	25 15	22	11 10	201
Median	2.12	1.63	2.15	2.07	1.82	1.96	2.08	2.30	2.44	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER					0.		\			
Married-couple families	2 602	7	21	73	226	356	890	608	421	185
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	22 51	_	-	16	12	3 -	28	3 2	_	. 92 158 227 188 177
35 to 44 years	177	<u> </u>	5	. 3	-	.11	32	70	56	227
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 373 979		5 11	19 26	117 97	176 166	476 354	334 199	239 126	188 j 177 j
Male householder, no wife present	337	8	2	26 15	43	61	129	54	25	100
15 ta 24 years 25 to 34 years	32	_		3	_		16	13		88 191
35 to 44 years	42 76	-	- 2	7	-	- 9	24	4	.7	179
45 ta 64 years 65 years and over	184	8	- [2	2 4)	52	40 49	12 25	11 7	181 145
Female householder, no husband present	1 223	13	6	32	106	232	447	246	141	175
15 to 24 years	13			-	_	13	_	-		138
35 to 44 yeors	17 387	- 3	-	ກັ	23	5 107	5 119	7 79	45	185
45 to 64 years65 years and over	806	10	6	21	23 83	107	323	160	96	171 177
Median age	64.0	66.3	66.1	58.0	68.4	65.0	64.8	61.4	62.0	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	158 387	$\frac{-}{3}$	- 4	16	11 25	27 37	38 94	52 131	14 70	183
1970 to 1974	409	ě l	- 1	23 12	39	58	114	96	82	203 188
1960 to 1969	883 2 325	12	9 16	25 44	61 239	150 377	291 929	212 417	124 297	182 176
ROOMS	2 525		,0		257	3,,	727		277	176
1 to 3 rooms	45	3	_	8	4	9	15	اه	_	146
4 raoms	446	,8	,2	19	95	138	95	64	25	143 160 180
5 rooms6 rooms	1 048 1 110	13	16 8	40 48	141 55	231 179	414 438	130 288	63 90	160
7 roams	684	-	3	5	48	33 59	275	172	153	197 }
8 or more rooms	829 6.0	4.7	5.3	5.3	32 5.1	5.3	229 6.0	248 6.4	256 7.3	218
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 ta March 1980	146	3	_	24	12	_	44	50	13	189
1970 to 1974	227	,=1	-	14	23 29	.27	68	61	34	186
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	655 1 052	17	6 7	16 15	29 96	111 188	162 414	187 197	127 135	. 196 177
1940 to 1949	436	- 1	-	20	58	70	149	99	40	173
1939 or earlier	1 646	8	16	31	157	253	629	314	238	178
Less than \$10,000	43	2	6	10	2	. 13	3	7	_	128
\$10,000 ta \$19,999	183	6	ž	25	31	75 1	24	20		134
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	391 689	5	12	32 16	51 84	79 158	162 281	43 l 113	14	157
\$40,000 to \$49,999	967	=1	2	22 8	133 61	183	341	201	25 85	163 171
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	885 654	7 8	2	8	13	120 21	367 227	211 218	109 167	183 213 242
\$80,000 to \$99,999	201	-1	-	7	_	-1	35	70	89	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 ar mare	118 31			- 1	_	_	26	22	70 28	250+ 250+
Medion	\$48 200	\$50 700	\$30 800	\$25 000	\$41 100	\$40 000	\$48 100	\$52 500	\$67 800	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	1 390	17	7	53	132	209	512	282	178	177
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	1 011 582	5	11	16 1 <u>5</u>	49	161 60	380 188	249 121	145 95	185 180
20 to 24 percent	290	6	-1	7	93 7	78 29	113	64	15	171
25 to 29 percent	233 131		6	3	27	29 28	84 41	44 28	40 11	181 168
35 percent or more	505		-	26	23 37	80	148	111	103	187
Not computed Median	20 13.4	10-	13.4	12.2	7 15.2	13.5	12.9	9 13.4	14.0	144
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	13.4	10-	13.4	12.2	13.2	13.3	12.7	13.4	14.0	•••
Heating equipment	4 155	28	29	120	375	642	1 466	908	587	180
Steam or hat water system	1 304	-	76	6	60	147	453	382	250	198
Central warm-air fumace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	1 969 300	10	5 3	61	210 19	349 36	780 67	373 85	181 86	172 212
Floor, wall, ar pipeless fumace	33	-	3	9	5	5]	10	1	-	122
Other means	549 762	18	12	40 8	81 52	105 122	156 308	67 1 34	70 138	156 182
Centrol system	55	[]		-	- 1	8	6	12	29	250+
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	707 4 155	28	29	120	52 375	114 642	302 1 466	122	109 587	180 180
Utility gas	663	-	5		49	109	220	908 162	118	188 l
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	56 333	-	- 3	14	11	6 36	8 73	17 97	- 98	138 215
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	2 767	23	9	70	22 233	429	1 055	608	340	179
Other	336	5	12	32	60	62	110	24	31	149

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Data ore estim	ates based on a	vner-occupied h		r meaning of s	ymbals, see In	troduction. For		rms, see opper		ij 	
The SMSA	Tatal	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to	1960 to	1940 to 1959	1939 or	Tatal	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or
Occupied housing units	Total 24 233	3 971	1974 3 802	1969 5 601	4 988	earlier 5 871	Total 13 754	1 803	1974 1 192	1 863	2 367	earlier 6 529
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years and over Male householder, no write present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over Median age	18 173 432 4 540 4 777 6 629 1 795 2 026 98 711 384 463	3 070 133 1 372 983 505 77 446 33 221 117 117 435 30 162 80 110 153 33,35,2	3 074 124 1 105 1 023 678 144 324 125 26 125 57 404 16 135 78 115 60 37.5	4 420 110 868 1 353 1 803 286 363 363 363 363 25 91 101. 107 39 618 20 140 158 240 240 240	3 683 34 630 582 1 895 308 8 70 36 100 94 997 10 95 138 408 346 52.7	3 926 31 565 836 1 748 565 6 204 41 149 165 1 380 19 126 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	4 059 825 1 729 450 651 404 3 757 1 386 1 422 413 167 5 938 1 859 1 513 512 748 1 306 29.7	531 113 222 78 56 62 550 246 204 44 44 12 722 152 223 59 84 204 29.5	453 97 236 33 35 52 259 68 97 40 11 43 480 86 115 33 80 166	761 98 362 135 127 39 422 128 197 33 43 21 680 155 174 58 86 207 32.2	704 171 302 58 114 59 626 265 267 55 34 1037 434 286 86 100	1 610 346 607 146 319 1 900 657 657 197 281 86 3 019 1 032 276 398 398 398 29.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 880 7 444 4 506 4 879 4 524	1 381 2 590 - - -	· 373 1 531 1 898 -	442 1 419 1 138 2 602	319 838 719 1 163 1 949	365 1 066 751 1 114 2 575	7 044 4 142 1 210 825 533	1 352 451 - -	559 416 217 - -	830 640 211 182	1 223 755 177 146 66	3 080 1 880 605 497 467
ROOMS 1 room	23 54 281 2 432 5 808 5 652 9 983 6.1	7 9 53 501 1 068 953 1 380 5.9	2 10 29 492 987 697 1 585 6.0	2 12 95 588 1 336 1 313 2 255 6.1	8 11 41 457 1 502 1 356 1 613 5.9	4 12 63 394 915 1 333 3 150 6.7	560 1 518 3 071 4 413 2 429 1 022 741 3.9	46 148 401 706 350 66 86 3.9	77 163 171 526 162 56 37 3.9	77 133 252 732 408 126 135 4.1	128 239 565 716 389 241 89 3.9	232 835 1 682 1 733 1 120 533 394 3.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50	24 031 14 493 9 108 398 32 202 155 47	3 962 2 353 1 574 28 7 9 3 6	3 798 1 947 1 803 46 2 4 4	5 581 3 179 2 277 113 12 20 15	4 950 3 092 1 721 130 7 38 21 17	5 740 3 922 1 733 81 4 131 112 19 -	13 437 8 286 4 795 267 89 317 134 167 3	1 792 1 170 599 12 11 11 5 6	1 188 734 452 2 - 4 - 4	1 849 1 025 753 62 9 14 11 3	2 293 1 388 819 63 23 74 31 30 -	6 315 3 969 2 172 128 46 214 87 124 3
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	2 859 6 754 4 809 5 383 2 740 1 688 3.02 77 689	437 997 866 1 025 418 228 3.14	336 837 737 1 077 581 234 3.49	576 1 436 1 121 1 327 650 491 3.20	588 1 664 1 033 936 464 303 2.73	922 1 820 1 052 1 018 627 432 2.68	5 208 4 724 1 823 1 237 424 338 1.85	646 680 252 143 60 22 1.88 3 657	471 422 105 144 43 7 1.80 2 469	516 657 254 266 99 71 2.13	858 881 337 160 59 72 1.87	2 717 2 084 875 524 163 166 1.76
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 2	20 345 1 257 440 314 242 10 1 625	3 113 105 112 178 100 -	3 092 70 13 12 58 7 550	4 771 91 26 48 40 - 625	4 715 140 41 6 7 3 76	4 654 851 248 70 37 -	2 219 2 909 3 143 2 532 1 623 1 042 286	180 185 197 386 470 347 38	163 175 126 226 164 296 42	478 287 296 223 215 210 154	490 554 707 397 164 27 28	908 1 708 1 817 1 300 610 162 24
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level	24 226 7 175 9 537 2 991 184 4 339 4 509 276 4 233 24 226 3 438 531 3 199 13 713 3 199 14 713 4 44	3 971 1 491 867 797 17 799 534 30 504 3 971 229 77 877 2 029 759 135 3.4	3 802 900 1 229 838 11 824 75 676 3 802 232 124 879 1 889 678 142 3.7	5 601 1 511 2 171 1 013 4 902 1 134 5 60 1 074 5 601 340 1 24 1 054 3 371 712 231 4.1	4 988 1 192 3 039 197 44 516 1 170 66 1 104 4 988 983 86 229 3 337 353 156 3.1	5 864 2 081 2 231 146 108 1 298 918 918 43 875 5 864 1 120 160 3 087 843 442 7.0	13 749 3 786 3 289 3 740 2 688 1 998 192 906 13 749 4 090 553 4 301 4 322 4 323 3 306 24.0	1 803 340 351 1 004 5 103 202 78 124 1 803 264 49 1 134 280 76 287	1 192 184 220 722 6 60 102 15 87 1 192 83 36 815 220 38 291 24.4	1 863 217 507 894 211 143 29 114 1 863 187 81 037 475 83 325	2 362 719 717 359 103 464 209 30 179 2 362 753 141 434 982 628 26.5	6 529 2 326 1 494 761 98 1 850 442 40 402 6 529 2 803 2 56 881 2 365 27.2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	1 169 2 223 1 593 1 601 3 701 3 707 5 629 3 283 1 327 \$22 274 \$24 602	105 228 233 283 637 618 1 001 574 292 \$23 760 \$26 453	126 259 189 269 645 666 976 488 184 \$22 892 \$24 894	205 468 382 353 782 833 1 442 804 332 \$23 616 \$25 558	229 475 376 270 690 872 1 112 713 251 \$22 170 \$24 693	504 793 413 426 947 718 1 098 1 098 \$19 212 \$22 170	2 891 3 666 1 653 1 225 2 137 1 028 745 327 82 \$10 484 \$12 374	289 351 114 172 309 189 226 134 19 \$14 644 \$16 666	324 239 117 81 195 155 72 7 2 \$10 705 \$12 059	312 381 241 224 340 155 140 41 29 \$12 474 \$14 405	455 637 306 258 424 144 91 41 11 \$10 748 \$11 941	1 511 2 058 875 490 869 385 216 104 21 \$9 209 \$10 824

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Daid the estima	Owner-occupied I					-		housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units	24 233 768	20 345 254	2 263 514	1 625	13 754 258	2 219 35	2 909 2	3 143 30	2 532 108	1 623 72	1 042 11	286
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	18 173	15 976	1 255	942	4 059	1 066	987	682	603	406	214	101
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	432 4 540	262 3 896	37 352	133 292	825 1 729	113 453	205 417	192 324	197 251	84 183	9 55	25
35 to 44 years	4 777 6 629	4 347 6 012	257 400	173 217	450 651	170 206	98 206	45 71	56 60	31 75	36 21	46 14 12
65 years and over	1 795	1 459	209	127	404	124	61	50	39	33	93	4 1
Male householder, na wife present	2 026 98	1 408 29	383 37	235 32	3 757 1 386	536 163	6 58 231	922 373	736 315	630 255	217 39	58
25 to 34 years	711 384	502 281	156 50	53 53	1 422 369	235 71	271 75	318 69	299 50	221 80	40 22	38 2 2
45 to 64 years	463 370	334 262	68 72	61 36	413 167	47 20	59 22	148 14	50 22	60 14	22 47 69	2 6
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	4 034	2 961	625	448	5 938	617	1 264	1 539	1 193	587	611	127
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	95 658	24 423	33 134	38 101	1 859 1 513	183 148	381 326	508 463	522 332	178 161	49 41	127 38 42 13
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	599 1 272	485 974	71 169	43 129	512 748	102 69	167 192	85 168	95 117	34 90	16 107	13
65 years and over Median age	1 410 44.7	1 055 44.8	218 45.1	137 40.5	1 306 29.7	115 32.3	198 30.2	315 28.4	127 26.8	124 29.3	398 67.2	29 29.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to March 1980	2 880 7 444	2 034 6 153	501 613	345 678	7 044 4 142	989 654	1 390 936	1 566 995	1 414 767	1 024 407	506 294	155 89 28 12
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	4 506 4 879	3 904 4 317	238 342	364 220	1 210 825	228 171	223 185	231 259	181 115	111 49	208 34	28 12
1959 or earlier ROOMS	4 524	3 937	569	18	533	177	175	92	55	32	-	2
1 room	23	22	.1		560	42	42	48	132	175	121	-
2 rooms 3 roams	54 281	32 171	10 56	12 54	1 518 3 071	82 184	126 470	362 1 003	373 621	262 417	307 344	32
4 rooms5 rooms	2 432 5 808	1 056 4 439	557 770	819 599	4 413 2 429	457 455	1 175 711	990 544	935 385	527 204	164 63	32 165 67 10
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	5 652 9 983	5 147 9 478	407 462	98 43	1 022 741	417 582	315 70	161 35	60 26	31 7	63 28 15	10
Median	6.1	6.4	5.2	4.4	3.9	5.3	4.2	3.7	3.6	3.4	2.8	4.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	24 031	20 227	2 179	1 625	13 437	2 184	2 849	3 082	2 482	1 526	1 035	279
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	14 493 9 108	12 048 7 843	1 495 644	950 621	8 286 4 795	1 233 919	1 723 1 012	1 996 1 001	1 498 919	1 030 482	657 341	149 121
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	398 32	308 28	40	50	267 89	32	78 36	60 25	57 8	14	31	9
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	202	118	84 60	-	317	35	60	61	50	97	7	7
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	155 47	95 23	24	-	134 167	18	44 16	38 20	10 32	23 74	7	2
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	_	_	_	_	3 13	=	-	3	8	_	-	5
BEDROOMS None	29	28	1	_	643	46	42	79	- 166	175	135	
2	617 5 287	314 3 157	184 1 094	119 1 036	4 892 5 603	248 758	806 1 384	1 470 1 238	1 036 1 134	676 688	637 213	19
3	11 145	10 057	649	439	1 942	696	602	292	170	77	29	188 76
4 5 or more	5 472 1 683	5 205 1 584	236 99	31	480 194	318 153	48 27	64	19 7	7	28	3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 169	864	129	176	2 891	217	462	703	582	338	537	52
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 223 1 593	1 622 1 134	258 233	343 226	3 666 1 653	466 247	741 378	923 390	694 344	499 156	243 102	100 36 35 44 11
\$12,500 ta \$14,999	1 601	1 218	206	177	1 225	172	243	302	254	187	32	35
\$15,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	3 701 3 707	2 855 3 234	507 288	339 185	2 137 1 028	502 251	561 274	488 192	346 124	153 133	43 43 15 27	11
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	5 629 3 283	5 085 3 123	392 146	152 14	745 327	203 128	159 60	121 24	133 49	114 31	15 27	- 8
\$50,000 or mare	1 327 \$22 274	1 210 \$23 741	104 \$18 085	13 \$13 453	82 \$10 484	33 \$15 076	31 \$11 663	\$9 678	6 \$9 912	12 \$9 720	\$4 919	\$9 531
MeonSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$24 602	\$25 803	\$20 921	\$14 689	\$12 374	\$16 526	\$13 412	\$10 905	\$11 271	\$12 413	\$8 075	\$10 953
Heating equipment	24 226	20 338	2 263	1 625	13 749	2 219	2 909	3 138	2 532	1 623	1 042	286
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	7 175 9 537	6 434 7 746	716 526	25 1 265	3 786 3 289	405 864	756 872	993 617	860 388	412 223	342 133	18 192
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	2 991 184	2 388 124	591 52	12	3 740 246	344 34	435 62	649 62	883 46	886 6	540 20	3 16 57
Other means	4 339 4 509	3 646 3 744	378 486	315 279	2 688 1 098	572 223	784 189	817 135	355 190	96 195	7	57 23
Central system	276	218	36	22	192	19	6	9	33	47	78	-
Vehicles available	23 365 9 036	19 743 6 993	2 108 1 122	1 514 921	10 516 7 019	2 000 1 082	2 344 1 518	2 380 1 651	1 873 1 364	1 200 823	459 386	260 195
2 or more	14 329 24 226	12 750 20 338	986 2 263	593 1 625	3 497 13 749	918 2 219	826 2 909	729 3 138	509 2 532	377 1 623	73 1 042	65 286
Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas	3 438 531	2 785 432	653 35	- 64	4 090 563	383 131	1 085 185	1 278 130	757 58	332 27	251 6	26
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	3 199 13 713	2 559 11 573	614 728	26 1 412	4 301 4 322	377 1 059	493 1 032	782 922	1 023 665	966 286	657 117	3 241
Other	3 345 24 199	2 989 20 311	233 2 263	123 1 625	473 13 716	269 2 188	114 2 909	26 3 143	29 2 532	12 1 623	1 042	12 279
Utility gas	3 097	2 512	577	8	3 548	369	902	1 091	650	348	188	-
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	1 039 14 387	820 11 661	101 1 321	118 1 405	653 7 822	186 1 317	170 1 476	151 1 516	60 1 458	47 1 085	75 <u>2</u>	33 218
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc	5 374 302	5 047 271	234 30	93 1	1 628 65	300 16	361	385	351 13	143	60 36	28
Family householder With own children under 18 years	20 558 12 293	17 883 10 929	1 514 761	1 161 603	5 914 3 031	1 372 783	1 507 742	1 062 555	951 523	526 161	290 135	206 132
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	4 681 1 872	4 014 1 504	350 198	317 170	1 724 1 598	432 236	368 479	321 336	345 292	110	61 76	132 87 90
With own children under 18 years	989	795	88	106	1 103	160	325	261	212	20	50	75
With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	172 3 675	119 2 462	21 749	32 464	458 7 840	80 847	105 1 402	106 2 081	1 581	1 097	18 752	51 80
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 076 4.4	787 3.9	111 4.9	178 11.0	3 306 24.0	462 20.8	621 21.3	812 25.8	637 25.2	352 21.7	332 31.9	90 31.5

Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Date are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Daig ale esimile	es puseo un u a	ompie, see iiiii	oction. To the	aning of symbols	, see will oddelio	n. Tor deliminor	13 Of 1611113, 340	appendixes A	ma oj	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	24 233 1 261	2 859	6 754 628	4 809 281	5 383 168	2 740 69	1 072 41	418 53	198 21	3.02 2.51	77 689 3 919
1 to 3 rooms	358 2 432 5 808 5 652 4 124 5 859 6.1	151 785 812 564 251 296 5.1	127 969 2 001 1 659 964 1 034 5.7	43 428 1 272 1 204 846 1 016 6.0	31 188 1 140 1 281 1 113 1 630 6.5	58 425 617 574 1 062 7.0	-4 134 230 248 456 7.2	2 12 80 95 2 29 7.7	- 12 17 33 136 8.3	1.72 1.94 2.57 3.00 3.50 3.86	729 5 313 16 641 17 873 14 398 22 735
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	24 631 23 601 378 32 202 202	2 805 2 805 - 54 54 -	6 668 6 661 7 7 86 86	4 785 4 779 6 24 24	5 358 5 327 24 7 25 25	2 733 2 671 58 4 7	1 066 928 138 6	418 324 92 2 - -	198 106 80 12 - -	3.03 2.99 6.30 5.00 2.05 2.05	77 182 74 468 2 558 156 507 507
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	20 345 2 263 1 625	1 865 593 401	5 490 723 541	4 081 392 336	4 940 275 168	2 435 169 136	951 86 35	400 10 8	183 15	3.19 2.24 2.26	66 004 7 344 4 341
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	17 405 55 279 877 2 014 4 170 3 888 4 080 1 185 718 139 \$52 800	1 585 12 72 174 248 391 315 263 79 21 10 \$47 700	4 714 20 86 262 683 1 174 1 038 908 285 206 52 \$51 100	3 424 5 45 162 407 912 735 876 183 90 9	4 258 - 50 119 371 963 1 033 1 162 304 214 42 \$55 400	2 101 11 24 71 225 453 494 487 228 102 6 \$54 900	810 7 	259 - 27 18 60 82 103 49 16 4 \$58 400	154 - 2 9 2 35 38 49 2 12 5 \$56 800	3.20 2.27 2.28 2.52 2.69 3.07 3.30 3.49 3.65 3.70	55 783 166 771 2 345 5 503 12 881 12 574 13 995 4 222 2 755 571
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	24 233 \$22 274	2 859 \$10 418	6 754 \$20 317	4 809 \$23 205	5 383 \$24 846	2 740 \$26 859	1 072 \$28 095	418 \$28 000	198 \$35 000	3.02	77 689
Median selected monthly owner costs os percentage of household income	18.3 19.5 13.4) 076 \$3 668	27.7 28.8 26.9 356 \$2 861	17.8 20.1 13.7 215 \$3 337	17.9 19.9 11.1 1 92 \$3 908	18.4 19.3 10 206 \$5 091	16.8 17.6 10— 70 \$6 364	17.8 18.8 10— 27 \$8 558	14.8 17.0 10— 10 \$12 500	14.5 17.2 10— —	2.35	:::
Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 48.3	50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 12.5	50+ 50+ 50+	37.0 37.0	=		
Renter-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	1 2 754 3 053	3 208	4 724 1 907	1 823 671	1 23 7 291	424 96	180 24	1 38 57	20 7	1.85 2.30	28 848 8 032
ROOMS 1 room	560 1 518 3 071 4 413 2 429 1 022 741 3.9	506 1 130 1 745 1 240 405 111 71 3.1	38 320 1 093 2 008 864 257 144 4.0	10 50 192 692 523 241 115 4.5	6 18 23 399 349 229 213	- 16 47 195 59 107 5.3	- - 22 49 85 24 5.7		- - - 7 8 5	1.05 1.17 1.38 1.98 2.44 3.09 3.69	606 1 970 4 627 9 132 6 516 3 181 2 816
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lodding complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	13 437 13 081 267 89 217 301 3	5 002 5 002 - - 204 206 -	4 645 4 635 30 59 51 8	1 794 1 734 50 10 29 29	1 224 1 177 23 24 13 13	419 359 47 13 5 2	180 109 71 - - -	133 62 66 5 5	20 3 10 7 -	1.87 1.83 5.69 3.69 1.27 1.23 7.00 2.31	28 361 26 577 1 475 309 487 437 11 39
UNITS IN STRUCTURE , detoched or ottached	2 219 2 909 3 143 2 532 1 623 1 042 286	450 817 1 318 1 077 816 670 60	672 1 092 1 160 871 582 241 106	367 546 314 383 126 47 40	425 254 248 141 66 46 57	178 89 77 20 28 18 14	65 67 23 13 - 5	59 35 3 19 5 15	3 9 8 - -	2.48 2.08 1.72 1.72 1.49 1.28 2.28	6 263 6 438 6 045 4 950 2 807 1 651 694
AGROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$250 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$3300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	13 324 660 727 1 739 2 783 2 593 1 826 1 232 879 415 470 \$259	5 129 565 433 1 056 1 275 840 449 213 102 39 157 \$215	4 399 70 154 391 1 002 1 166 805 524 310 74 103 \$276	1 727 9 54 133 287 317 307 262 194 71 93 \$303	1 166 2 52 78 161 179 164 156 168 121 85 \$321	394 6 20 37 40 62 45 42 56 71 15 \$327	169 8 - 23 8 9 46 12 26 22 15 \$332	120 	20 10 7 1 2 - \$262	1.83 1.08 1.34 1.32 1.62 1.89 2.08 2.27 2.64 3.69 2.26	27 679 741 1 361 2 938 5 042 5 281 4 177 2 918 2 400 1 708 1 113
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Nil income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	13 754 \$10 484 28.9 3 306 \$3 997 50+	\$ 208 \$6 743 33.2 1 207 \$2 916 50+	4 724 \$12 686 26.0 844 \$3 878 50+	1 823 \$13 612 27.4 523 \$6 018 50+	1 237 \$13 555 27.1 329 \$6 427 50+	\$13 514 27.9 144 \$7 130 50+	180 \$16 033 26.1 78 \$7 206 35.4	\$18 036 21.1 62 \$11 250 23.1	\$10 938 29.4 17 \$10 469 29.1	1.85 1.92 	28 848

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 [Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning af symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

2. L																İ	
			Morried-c	링				Male hauset	, no wife	present				ider, na husband present	d present		7
ACEC SEL	Tatal	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 ta 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median age
Owner-ecopied hessing units	24 233	432	4 540	4 777	6 629	1 795	86	E	384	463	370	\$	859	88	1 272	1 410	7.3
PERSONS IN UNIT person persons 2 859 6 754 4 809 5 383 1 688 1 688 77 689	219 162 330 1249 1 234	943 1 236 1 622 624 115 3.56	336 575 1 838 1 148 880 4.30 21 634	2 263 1 635 1 371 785 575 575 22 503	1 407 268 77 77 24 19 2.14 4 281	39 33 16 10 1.80 215	349 257 64 39 39 1.53 1.53	203 78 47 47 31 15 16 767	156 146 17 120 120 120	268 77 77 9 8 8 8 8 1.19	28 33 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	207 199 155 92 2 3 2.11	205 205 106 60 2.90 1.768	489 371 239 84 84 55 1.90 2 761	989 297 24 24 1.2.1 1 974	86.55.88 4.65.9 8 8.65.9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	24 031 202 202	432	4 530 69 10	4 757 175 20 -	6 60 133 29 -	1 769 171 26 26	8 1 1 1	702 2 6 1	382	£=8 ₁	353	8 1 1 1	656 2 2	286	1 237 12 35	1 378	44.82 2.62 1.
Nectonal IN 1979 Specified conner-eccepted locating units With a merityper Less than 15 percent 20 to 29 percent 30 to 29 percent 4 percent or more Medicin 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 36 percent 36 percent 37 to 29 percent 38 percent 38 percent 39 percent 39 percent 30 to 24 percent 36 percent or more 37 to 29 percent 38 percent or more	13 24 4 4 5 2 3 2 4 4 5 2 3 2 4 4 5 2 3 2 4 4 5 2 3 3 2 4 4 5 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3	2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 3.2 3.2 3.2 4.2 3.2 4.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2	3 3 3 3 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	88 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 103 2 103 2 103 2 103 2 103 2 103 2 103 3 103 3 103 3 103 3 103 4 103 4 103 4 103 6 103	22. 24. 25. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	23.00 8.00 14 19 18.00 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	25. 45. 72. 72. 72. 72. 72. 72. 72. 72. 72. 72	24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0 2.0 2.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.0 3	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	25.00	88. 18. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	35.3 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.	25. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 88. 8	22. 22. 22. 22. 22. 23. 24. 24. 25. 26. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	886. 12. 12. 12. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13. 13	24 7888888888888888888888888888888888888
Renter-occupied hearing units	13 754	825	1 729	450	159	\$	1 386	1 422	369	413	167	1 859	1 513	512	748	306	29.7
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person - 2 persons	5 208 4 724 1 823 1 237 424 424 1.85 28 848	216 216 98 98 17 17 2.35 2.080	760 343 343 419 138 69 2.80 5 161	66 85 137 74 74 88 4.04 1 891	291 160 102 45 277 1 981	345 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	534 543 189 92 5 1.79 2 722	867 406 107 23 19 1.32 2 138	259 74 74 71 11 12 121 57	286 23 23 1.22 1.22 569	153 105 105 105	699 757 252 110 34 7 1.80 3 655	705 426 221 221 103 24 24 272	187 97 97 98 1 30 1 30 1 30 1 30 1 30	202 202 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	1 121 165 116 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	33.1 27.5 27.5 30.9 33.2 37.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room Lodding complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	13 437 356 317 16	813 30 12	1 727 110 2 2	447 33 33	640 11 5	402 6 2 1	1 337 16 49 8	1 378 3 44	33.5	376 10 37	791	1 814 26 45	1 498 39 15	498 21 14	731 5 71	1 275 12 31	29.6 32.0 30.0
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified rentw-coupled housing unit: 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	13 324 389 959 1859 1486 1045 2 949 2 949 2 989 2 989	28.53 28.53 28.53 28.53	22.2	£882428858	5.5 11.2 12.1 13.5 13.5 13.5 14.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15	25.55 25.55	7.57 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.0	1 362 1 362 3135 202 202 1 158 1 181 1 181 1 4 7	35. 527 527 529 529 529 539 539 549 549 549 549 549 549 549 549 549 54	£4258882784.	25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0	- 628 128 128 131 131 131 131 740 740 755	1 507 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 200 1 14 3 11.2 3 11.2	2 00 2 4 4 6 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	73 83 84 85 84 85 86 84 86 84	1.263 49 91 9245 161 651 651 651 651 651 651 651 651 651	20.7.28.3.3.7.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	,		Sample, see	Mole hous	_			on. For definit		Female hou			
The SMSA	Tatal	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 ta 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 859	1 015	39	349	203	156	268	1 844	40	207	119	489	989
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 805 54	987 28	39 -	340 9	203	154 2	251 17	1 818 26	40 -	205 2	119	477 12	977 12
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	1 865 593 401	651 224 140	9 19 11	230 93 26	137 29 37	90 27 39	185 56 27	1 214 369 261	20 20	90 70 47	74 31 14	324 97 68	726 151 112
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	646 736 284	116 197 97	13	28 40 38	15 11	14 15 15	59 118 35	530 539 187	3 7 6	16 28 38	3 17 13	101 104 55	407 383
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	287 449 169 200	100 224 84 142	14 · 7 5	40 118 29 50	18 44 44 29	18 25 2 55	10 30 4 8	187 225 85 58	6 9 7 2	42 53 15	34 37 7 8	85 82 29 13	75 20 44 27 26
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	33 55 \$10 418 \$13 106	13 42 \$14 937 \$17 985	\$13 661 \$12 751	6 \$16 033 \$16 684	13 20 \$20 469 \$27 065	12 \$16 739 \$22 136	- 4 \$8 371 \$11 149	20 13 \$8 570 \$10 419	\$14 167 \$14 886	6 \$13 780 \$14 693	\$14 449 \$14 942	13 7 \$11 795 \$12 508	\$6 013 \$7 768
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	1 585	497	9	172		59	154	1 088	•				
Specified owner-occupied housing units	606 20 127	296 42	6 - 4	158 - 25	103 79 - -	45 13	8 - -	310 20 85	=	77 77 - 3	67 55 - 5	272 94 7 45	672 84 13 32 5
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	104 48 96 91	54 25 43 50	- 2 -	34 11 32 25	18 6 9 18	2 6 2 7	- - -	50 23 53 41	-	10 2 22 25	22 7 16 3	13 8 7 6	6 8 7
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	60 34 26 \$352 979	39 25 18 \$381	- \$238	23 8 - \$364	13 3 12 \$432	3 6 6 \$388	8 \$675	21 9 8 \$300	=	\$405	2 - \$304	8 \$244	13 - \$245
Not mortgaged. Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	13 6 29 124	201 8 - 12 32	3 - 3	14	24 - 7	14 - - -	146 8 - 2 32	778 5 6 17 92	=======================================	= =	12 - - -	178 3 - 9 17	588 2 6 8
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	207 344 166 90	59 48 28 14	=	7 7	- 6 4 7	9 5 -	50 30 17 7	148 296 138 76	=======================================	- - - -	3 2 7	57 53 32 7	75 88 241 99 69
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$166	\$146	\$88	\$200	\$192	\$144	\$140	\$170	-	-	\$207	\$153	\$174
household income in 1979 With o mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	27.7 28.8 26.9 356 12.5	22.9 27.8 16.4 76 7.5	21.9 23.8 10	26.4 27.4 10.0 28 8.0	28.4 31.8 10— 15 7.4	14.1 17.1 10— 14 9.0	19.6 50+ 19.1 19 7.1	29.5 29.9 29.4 280 15.2	- - 3 7.5	30.7 30.7 11 5.3	23.9 25.8 11.8 3 2.5	19.2 25.0 18.6 90 18.4	33.0 34.3 32.8 173 17.5
Renter-occupied housing units	5 208	2 099	534	867	259	286	153	3 109	699	705	187	397	1 121
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 002 206	1 974 125	513 21	823 44	224 35	261 25	153	3 028 81	669 30	705	184 3	380 17	1 090 31
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	450 817 1 318 1 077 816 670	238 320 460 424 452 175 30	45 86 120 131 139 11	120 131 187 188 186 33 22	36 45 52 40 64 22	26 36 87 48 49 40	11 22 14 17 14 69 6	212 497 858 653 364 495 30	47 98 200 254 77 12	38 134 249 166 103 12	23 29 46 42 34 11	23 85 76 83 53 77	81 151 287 108 97 383
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 918 1 654 602 373 414	550 640 272 205 249	177 205 70 31 44	169 243 127 108 139	26 51 34 29 49	77 103 35 29 17	101 38 6 8	1 368 1 014 330 168 165	337 237 97 23 5	121 290 91 97 54	16 63 38 21 49	175 112 39 13 51	719 312 65 14 6
\$25,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	173 38 25 11	119 33 20 11	7 - -	62 19 - -	37 14 14 5	13 - 6 6	-	54 5 5 -	=	52 - - -	=	2 - 5 -	5 - -
Medion	\$6 743 \$8 150	\$8 785 \$10 019	\$7 543 \$7 587	\$10 423 \$10 689	\$14 095 \$15 562	\$7 089 \$10 180	\$4 348 \$5 025	\$5 737 \$6 888	\$5 194 \$5 64 7	\$8 991 \$9 633	\$10 954 \$10 647	\$5 816 \$7 511	\$4 399 \$5 089
Specified renter-occupied housing units Lass than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$300 or more No cash rent Median	5 129 565 433 1 056 1 275 840 449 213 102 39 157 \$215	2 053 108 188 442 518 315 205 122 83 15 57 \$223	525 10 47 89 145 112 67 23 13 - 19 \$238	852 47 186 243 117 101 67 59 15 17 \$238	240 6 19 58 74 36 18 17 9 - 3 \$217	285 21 50 84 40 50 13 15 2 - 10 \$185	151 71 25 25 16 - 6	3 076 457 245 614 757 525 244 91 19 24 100	691 7 51 243 195 122 41 21 - 4 7 \$208	705 14 40 144 199 174 92 30 6 6	182 13 30 58 44 27 6 4 \$235	390 37 41 72 102 67 40 13 7 9 2	1 108 386 113 125 203 118 44 27 -5 87
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	33.2 1 289 24.8	29.5 400 19.1	38.2 146 27.3	28.2 130 15.0	21.4 26 10.0	28.2 54 18.9	\$121 26.6 44 28.8	\$210 36.7 889 28.6	47.2 246 35.2	29.9 90 12.8	29.1 7 3.7	39.1 140 35.3	35.1 406 36.2

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

_								•	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Tatal	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	232	95	65	72	Vacant for rent housing units	498	353	78	67
ROOMS		İ			ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	1 29 58 55 37 52 6.0	1 12 23 14 17 28 6.3	15 10 20 20 5.9	2 25 21 20 4 5.9	1 room	82 56 93 153 35 53 26 3.6	68 33 54 115 34 41 8 3.7	14 3 8 34 1 7 11 3.9	20 31 4 - 5 7 2.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	221	95	65	61	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	îi	-	-	ĭi	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	485 13	351 2	69 9	65 2
None	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	1 46 129 43 13	1 19 45 17 13	25 24 16	2 60 10	None	86 132 213 49	72 84 156 30	14 11 39 7 5	37 18 12
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	4	2	2	-
1975 to March 1980	130 20 25 13 - 44	43 10 16 6 - 20	43 4 3 4 - 11	44 6 6 3 -	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	89 34 72 50 28 225	57 29 44 43 28	23 5 12 7 -	9 - 16 - - 42
1, detached ar attached	172	62	54	56	UNITS IN STRUCTURE			•	
2 or more	53 7 196 27	26 7 82 13	11 - 60 5	16 - 54 9	1, detached or attached 2 3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	51 125 93 85 121	11 75 72 68 114	18 35 3 11 7	22 15 18 6
None	9	-	-	9	50 or more Mobile home or trailer	18	8	4	6
PRICE ASKED		ļ			RENT ASKED				
Specified vocant for sale only housing units	130 -	55 - - 1 11 13 4 10 16 \$71 300	41 - - - - 8 23 10 - - - 8 7 7	7	\$pedfied vacant for rent housing units \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more Medion	484 -2 129 88 82 100 23 \$226	349 - 31 94 59 68 81 16 \$243	78 	57 -9 23 14 7 4 \$189

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Į.	Luaro are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and a j														
		Price asked	- Specified	vacant for s	sale only hou	using units		Rent asked—Specified vocant for rent housing units							
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	to	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollars)	
Total	130	-	-	23	91	16	67 000	484	-	191	170	100	23	226	
PLUMBING FACILITIES															
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	119 11	=	-	17 6	86 5	16 -	67 900 39 400	471 13	Ξ	180 11	168 2	100	23	229 119	
BEDROOMS															
None	- 12 73 32 13	:	- - - -	- 8 5 10	- 4 58 22 7	10	- 43 300 67 400 67 000 89 000	86 132 204 44 14 4	_	67 67 45 10 - 2	15 65 82 1 5 2	- 69 26 5	4 - 8 7 4 -	157 189 267 361 320 185	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT															
1975 to March 1980	67 8 18 12 25	-	-	4 - 6 - 13	54 8 7 12 - 10	9 - 5 - - 2	68 400 62 500 82 000 68 300 - 44 500	84 34 72 50 28 216	-	13 2 34 21 10	42 11 16 19 9 73	29 21 14 10 9 17	- 8 - 15	273 320 210 208 225 190	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														3	
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	130		:::	23	91 	16	67 000 	37 429 18	=	17 167 7	13 146 11	7 93	23	207 228 235	

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	* 1.	(Data are estima	tes based on	a sample, se	Introduction	. For meanin	g ot symbols	, see Introduc	tion. For det	inmons of ter	ms, see appen	dixes A and B		
Burlington city		Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$59,999	\$60,000 ta \$79,999	\$80,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 ta \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupie	d housing units	4 557	11	77	272	653	1 148	965	842	318	217	54	50 900	56 800
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife presen 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Female householder, no husband g	#	3 386 21 610 712 1 589 454 272 65 56 80 71 899	2 2 2 2 2 7	58 - 3 26 29 - - - - 19	200 - 28 138 34 18 - 6 - 7 5	459 	839 11 206 179 302 141 98 - 15 24 31 28 211	690 6 182 109 295 98 36 - 7 8 15 6 239	627 80 178 303 66 33 17 5 7	263 	194 4 23 38 110 19 11 - 7	54 6 6 42	51 600 44 800 51 200 55 700 52 100 48 600 46 400 49 100 49 000 41 500 50 600	\$8 600 58 700 57 300 61 300 60 100 51 000 52 000
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Medican age		13 105 116 271 394 50.4	7 7 58.9	- 4 9 6 62.1	11 7 36 54.8	27 20 53 39 49.5	33 24 45 109 49.3	13 33 18 67 108 51.3	12 32 55 83 49.9	7 22 7 46.3	- - 6 6 49.0	54.4	52 500 48 600 49 300 51 500 50 500	52 500 47 900 50 800 52 900 51 400
1979 to March 1980		310 946 742 1 159 1 400	- 2 9	- 2 24 51	5 51 111 105	44 109 140 106 254	57 241 180 295 375	92 255 136 199 283	65 158 164 231 224	37 120 31 65 65	9 46 29 99 34	6 12 7 29 -	53 600 53 300 49 800 51 900 47 700	62 000 61 200 54 700 61 100 50 200
1 to 3 rooms		8 1 28 1 062 1 176 956 1 227 6.4	2 7 - 5.7	- 13 36 18 10 - 5.2	15 63 73 84 37 6.3	- 36 233 178 136 70 5.8	6 27 426 319 218 152 5.9	12 230 323 189 211 6.2	18 37 202 195 390 7.3	- 12 : 56 73 177 7.7	- 19 - 45 148 8.3	- 6 - 6 42 8.5+	46 700 38 800 45 000 49 800 51 300 68 600	37 500 43 000 45 900 50 100 56 100 74 700
BEDROOMS None		2 19 725 2 221 1 234 356	2 - 9 - -	- 38 29 10 -	- 59 104 91 18	- 185 362 88 18	- 11 203 681 217 36	- 8 135 478 279 65	55 384 292 111	- 32 125 112 49	18 37 127 35	- - 12 18 24	10000— 48 800 45 000 49 000 57 000 72 000	7 500 50 400 46 700 52 300 65 500 75 700
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier		148 321 651 1 199 502 1 736	2 - - - 9	- 2 3 11 61	- 8 61 12 191	24 67 131 92 339	23 128 126 377 137 357	28 84 156 334 112 251	44 31 141 150 114 362	33 27 47 92 11 108	14 19 75 51 6 52	6 6 29 7 6	70 800 50 600 56 600 50 700 49 900 47 800	75 600 60 300 70 300 55 100 53 000 51 800
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1974 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Median Mean		216 435 218 211 639 701 1 057 722 358 \$23 995 \$26 674	2 7 2 \$13 750 \$13 292	10 30 4 7 2 4 9 11 - \$9 659 \$15 988	26 36 13 13 78 47 22 27 10 \$18 171 \$19 821	46 91 78 27 103 110 168 25 5 \$19 242 \$19 436	40 149 71 48 179 202 289 114 56 \$21 859 \$23 533	55 72 11 70 185 137 255 153 27 \$22 953 \$24 263	17 57 35 11 86 149 220 215 52 \$28 029 \$29 567	14 - 21 - 28 51 120 84 \$38 509 \$40 598	6 - 7 4 17 34 44 105 \$47 740 \$53 580	- 6 - 7 7 9 13 19 \$36 557 \$41 363	45 000 45 300 41 800 50 400 47 700 49 400 51 500 62 700 85 800	47 600 43 900 46 600 52 700 46 500 53 800 55 900 68 400 90 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SEL OWNER COSTS AS PERCENT/ INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Met mertgaged	AGE OF HOUSEHOLD	3 120 1 195 586 502 247 187 403 - 18.1	- - - - 11	24 5 - - 5 14 - 37.5 53 21	147 57 36 28 - 15 11 17.3	487 209 94 45 27 22 90 - 16.8 166 31	753 280 137 105 106 30 95 -	668 226 131 150 49 49 63 19.1	630 248 124 105 33 41 79 	220 91 33 33 24 25 14 -	156 79 22 17 8 - 30 - 14.8	35 9 19 - 7 22.2	51 800 51 900 51 800 53 300 53 300 49 100 52 200 49 400	57 700 57 500 57 400 61 100 55 900 55 100 56 900
Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median		489 329 238 70 76 58 170 7 13.4	2 7 - - 2 12.5	21 7 9 2 - 6 8 - 13.9	52 29 5 13 6 - 20 -	31 22 53 18 12 14 16	146 89 53 31 29 10 30 7	79 89 28 6 29 6 60 - 13.9	55 51 56 - 22 28 - 15.0	56 15 27 - - - 10-	34 14 7 - - 6 6	13 6 10-	49 600 51 000 49 800 40 500 48 400 44 500 50 800 42 500	60 800 54 800 55 100 38 100 46 500 48 500 50 500 42 500
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive u 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exc 1.01 or more persons per room learling equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Central system Laceme in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	Justive use	4 534 88 23 - 4 557 4 187 1 130 39 146 3.2	11 - - 11 9	73 - 4 - 77 53 22 - 10	272 20 272 246 61 -7 2.6	645 17 8 	1 148 23 1 148 1 075 241 38 3.3	954 15 11 965 910 230 13 28 2.9	842 13 842 783 244 11 12 1.4	316 - - 316 272 87 - 7 2.2	217 	54 - - 54 54 19 6 - -	51 000 43 500 34 700 50 900 51 200 53 300 76 300 46 800	56 900 43 600 38 600 57 400 61 200 91 000 48 500

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Г						,	I I I	1		ppendixes A (
Burlington city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more		Med (dolla
Specified renter-occupied housing units	7 342	416	511	1 174	1 750	1 454	807	512	404	195	119	2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	1 555	29	119	221	380	385	203	99				
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	323 653	- 9	20 13	56 83	102 162	88 161	36 106	5	71 16	18	-	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	96 290	<u>-</u>	7	14	17	25	5	68	38	13	9	2
65 years and over	193 2 132	20	36 43 145	42 26	74 25	64 47	29 27	7 5	17	_	21	2 2
15 to 24 years	838	89 10	37	372 89	530 182	343 150	196 98	149 68	196 129	73 60	15	2
25 to 34 years	745 197	6	41 13	138 48	223 64	134 23	67 31	64	58 9	13	7	2
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	219 133	62	29 25	71 26	45 16	36	=	. 14		_	13	1
15 to 24 years	3 655 1 267	298 7	247 59	581 218	840 279	726 273	408 188	264 115	1 37 76	104 39	50 13	2
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	817 270	13	51	134 46	227 86	196 76	109	60	12 12	21 16	7	20
45 to 64 years65 years and over	512 789	21 257	50 87	91 92	105 143	72 109	57 46	53 27	20 17	28	15	2
Median age	29.2	75.4	48.0	29.6	28.7	28.0	27.4	28.2	24.5	24.9	11 46.1	"
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 668	76	194	511	862	727	454	349	220	162	10	
1975 to 1978	2 187 720	140 130	119	387 154	583 123	447 138	270 42	108	329 53	153 29	13 51	20 23 19
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	474 293	52 18	95 53 50	95 27	98 84	94 48	31 10	16 26	22 -	13	12	21
ROOMS	-,3	, ,	30	2'	04	40	10	13	-	-	43	21
1 room 2 rooms	343 1 027	63 181	96 111	119 351	60 238	107	5 33	-	-	-	-	15
3 rooms	1 832 2 084	124	118 108	365 135	690 514	350	99	24	20	- -	42	18 21
5 rooms 6 rooms	1 322	6	50 15	108 108 69	196	594 269	399 237	183 193	96 174	16 63 18	10 26	21 27 30 25
7 or more rooms	250 3.7	13	13 2,9	27	46	121 13	34	104	52 56	98	25 16	25 46
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	3.7	2.3	2.9	2.8	3.3	4.0	4.2	4.8	5.0	6.5	4.8	
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	7 342	416	511	, ,,,	1 750	,	***					
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 176 4 645	416 336	433	1 174	1 750 1 708	1 454 1 454	807 807	512 504	404 404	1 95 190	119 119	24 24
0.51 to 1.00	2 334 136	80	260 160	760 320	1 111 565	969 451	490 288	328 157	216 179	106 84	69 50	24 24 25 25 20 15
1.51 or more	61	-	13	30 31	19 13	27 7	24 5	14 5	9	_	_	25
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	166 62	-	78 31	33	42 23	-	-	8 8	-	5	_	15
0.51 to 1.00	96	-	47	25 -	19	-	-	-	=	5	-	iś
Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 039	204	158	8 303	434	-	-	102		-	-	19
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 971 94	204	105	297 20	425	351 351	158 158	1 83 183	144 144	80 80	24 24	23 24 26
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	68	-	53	6	22 9	20	18	14	-	_	Ξ	26 13
BEDROOMS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
None1	407 3 135	81 287	118 255	132 765	71 1 053	-	5	<u></u>		-	_	15
3	2 645 899	35	90	130	523	532 752	161 525 109	24 288	26	45	32 33 31	21 28 30
4 5 or more	188	-	34 7 7	121	103	165	7	185 15	94 41	51 80	20	30 49 42
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	00	'	'	13	-	-	-	-	19	19	3	42
1. detached or attached	620 1 546	6	23 53	99	68	96	60	44	75	93	56	29
2	2 039	25 18	102	367	383 542	355 512	234 215	134 167	103 79	44 23 19	28 7	26 24
10 to 49	774 689	48 303	123	361 91	460 203 90	357 76	180 89	85 62	49 72	19 16	7	23 23
Mobile home or troiler, etc.	15	303	93	60	90	58	25 4	20	26 -	-	14 7	13: 26:
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	371	52	22	,	,,			_		_		
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	429 742	167 81	33 12 67	21 5 77	19	45 79	83 42	47 22	56 30	9	6 7	300 21: 249
1950 to 1959	573	-	38	77 69 79	142 145	158 125	106 106	43 17	49 18	49 24	14 31 7	249 250
1939 or earlier	819 4 408	116	38 323	923	266 1 113	192 855	77 437	93 290	48 203	19 94	7 54	250 250 230
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	6 589	92	432	1 095	1 447	, ,,,	750	400	200	,,,,		
4 or more With elevator	753 497	324 315	79 59	79	1 667 83	1 371	750 57	499 13	390 14	195	98 21	249 133
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	7"	313	ا بود	41	16	44	-	-	8	-	14	80
Less than 15 percent	554	42	69	125	122	102	45	25	_			
20 to 24 percent	975 1 024	43 205	42 112	135 165 118	123 380	103 220	45 74	25 12	31	5 8		211 232
25 to 29 percent	809 547	53 37	76 22 109	134 81	237 173	152 174	115	39 32 57	39 44	7 7		216 243
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more	1 277 1 985	37 19 17	109	254 272	70 288	163 217	81 152	101	36 73	64		265 245
Not computed	171 32.0	-	65 16	15	467 12	420	224	242	174	104	119	269 192
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	32.0	23.0	26.6	31.7	28.7	32.3	33.3	48.2	44.0	50+		•••
Heating equipment Central heating system	7 342 5 896	416 399	511 460	1 174 848	1 750 1 295	1 454	807	512	404	195	119	243
Air conditioning Central system	482 63	14	24	65 18	117	1 143	654	453	365 47	166 14	113 46	243 246 249 242
	03		6	18	5	7	5		9	5	8	242

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Hausehald income in 1979												
Burlington city	Tatal	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 ta \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ar more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	5 692	311	586	381	296	899	814	1 218	794	393	22 286	25 058	230
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Macried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	4 029 25 754 825 1 823 602 439	59 7 6 24 22 45	224 38 7 53 126 74	247 47 43 81 76 34	177 	642 4 175 150 186 127 68	629 15 147 155 264 48 57	987 6 199 221 499 62 101	709 - 76 165 438 30 33	355 - 18 68 234 35 12	25 243 23 917 21 544 26 104 29 647 15 028 18 413	28 468 23 787 23 366 29 708 32 993 19 648 20 274	72 15 13 24 20 34
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Famels householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	113 72 115 139 1 224 22 140	4 7 3 31 207 3	4 5 13 52 288 6 32	3 9 4 18 100 -	7 - 8 104 - 8	36 7 6 19 189 13	6 21 26 4 128 -	42 23 29 7 130	11 - 22 - 52 - 12	12 26	23 542 22 833 26 964 9 135 12 909 17 885 14 063	22 601 19 001 30 588 10 508 15 549 13 089 18 083	12 3 15 124 3 19
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	143 351 568 51.3	7 35 143 71.2	38 41 171 68.1	21 24 41 54.9	12 50 34 58.5	29 54 78 47.7	8 61 42 47.6	17 49 50 47.4	6 25 9 49.1	5 12 - 52.2	13 646 17 452 9 026	16 993 19 513 12 206	18 24 60 52.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	461	36	56	31	21	130	40	73	35	39	18 246	. 22 740	49
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 177 885 1 397 1 772	40 34 66 135	77 70 101 282	56 62 113 119	51 39 57 128	145 185 159 280	250 179 138 207	317 158 373 297	149 136 242 232	92 22 148 92	24 237 21 705 26 333 19 027	26 352 22 991 28 958 22 758	47 31 51 52
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 621 107 71	297 6 14	571 6 15	372 6 9	291 - 5	889 23 10	804 19 10	1 210 43 8	794 - -	393 4 -	22 393 23 523 11 806	25 200 23 623 13 808	227 6 3
Hearting equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles evailable	5 692 5 140 1 365 64 5 314	311 267 26 -	586 489 97 12 451	381 337 76 9 348	296 259 63 - 283	899 805 190 - 842	814 748 183 	1 218 1 121 301 17 1 218	794 750 268 10 794	393 364 161 16 393	22 286 22 755 25 973 28 750 23 448	25 058 25 498 30 029 33 558 26 258	230 184 24 152
1	2 605 2 709 5 692 1 626 59 752	146 31 311 85 8 22	350 101 586 167 11 33	265 83 381 156 —	172 111 296 104 5 38	544 298 8 99 275 19 159	396 412 814 210 -	487 731 1 218 355 5	150 644 794 194 – 127	95 298 393 80 11 87	18 289 28 964 22 286 20 699 16 146 23 958	20 242 32 044 25 058 22 993 28 719 28 407	130 22 230 75 8 26
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Median rooms	2 981 274 6.2	189 7 5.4	352 23 5.3	177 15 5.4	144 5 5.9	382 64 5.8	443 55 6.3	642 69 6.4	452 21 7.2	200 15 7.3	22 807 22 212	25 293 24 766	114 7 5.4
Specified owner-occupied housing units	4 557	216	435	218	211	639	701	1 057	722	358	23 995	26 674	146
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mertgoge Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$330 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$500 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	3 120 82 316 617 502 421 593 264 200 125 \$355	63 - 11 - 14 18 7 7 6 - \$368	164 15 36 33 13 29 24 8 - 6 \$297	138 8 28 39 17 26 6 6 - 6 8 \$292	107 - 14 35 21 19 18 \$311	483 21 66 93 104 67 86 34 4 8 \$330	533 21 29 117 88 44 127 63 32 12 \$363	810 9 85 167 158 82 173 61 45 30 \$346	583 37 106 74 98 121 43 86 18 \$388	239 8 10 27 13 38 31 48 21 43 \$471	25 629 17 885 19 844 24 668 24 605 24 350 25 902 27 727 33 208 30 160	28 273 24 698 23 205 25 762 25 757 28 580 27 977 33 011 37 305 41 826	87 - 15 - 21 25 - 5 15 6 - 4 3365
Net mortgaged. Less than \$50	1 437 5 15 159 223 489 258 288 \$182	153 - - 43 27 31 30 22 \$160	271 - 5 - 47 92 68 36 23 \$148	80 - - 21 4 43 - 12 \$167	104 - - 10 19 39 30 6 \$179	156 - 9 2 41 70 14 20 \$169	168 - - 15 3 89 23 38 \$187	247 - 6 21 19 81 76 44 \$198	139 - - - 18 46 28 47 \$210	119 - - - - 22 21 76 \$250+	6 250 17 083 9 063 9 601 19 622 24 565 26 855	23 205 6 035 21 142 11 523 14 364 21 885 26 226 36 439	59 - - 21 - 6 26 6 \$205
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mertgage	3 120 1 195 586 502 247 187 403	63 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	164 	138 . 8 16 24 19 71 — 35.3	107 14 21 25 16 31 -	483 42 111 147 77 66 40 - 23.0	533 99 174 99 80 37 44 -	810 405 187 164 24 19 11 -	583 430 78 . 49 17 5 4 -	239 219 14 6 - - - 10—	25 629 36 163 24 507 23 571 19 740 17 393 9 983	28 273 39 855 26 467 24 424 19 834 17 840 11 358	87 - - - 87 - 50+
Net mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed 10 to 1	3 437 489 329 238 70 76 58 170	153 12 10 124 7	271 - 72 66 45 42 46	21 47 - 12 -	51 43 4 - 6 -	156 18 104 27 - 7 -	168 57 79 32 - - - -	247 179 51 17 - - -	139 121 18 - - - -	119 114 5 - - - -	18 662 34 439 19 558 12 500 8 110 8 516 6 397 4 159 2500—	23 205 41 834 21 591 14 054 8 140 9 112 6 724 4 632	59 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Medion	13.4	50 +	24.8	17.0	15.1	12.9	11.7	10— .	10-	10-	2300-		50+

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
Burlington city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	7 415	1 916	2 213	938	628	1 083	301	248	56	32	8 897	10 513	2 047
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	1 600 337	77 21	379 73	252 41	230 61	420 105	144 36	71	-	27	13 500 13 873	14 901 13 208	154 37
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	659 96	6	117 28	78 15	131	202 23	70 11	49	_	6 14	14 952 13 750	15 888 21 290	42 11
45 to 64 years65 years and over	315 1 9 3	21 24	78 83	74 44	27 11	70 20	16 11	22	=	' 7	11 976 8 687	15 892 9 693	50 14
Mole householder, no wife present	2 146 838	536 246	614 300	261 95	187 41	302 58	97 36	118 55	26 7	5	9 276 7 855	10 918 9 752	593 373
25 to 34 years	750 197	124	190 31	90 26	82 20	187 42	27 22	43	7 12	5	11 694 14 562	12 045 16 178	121
35 to 44 years	219	25 53 88	59	44	35 9	10	12	14 6	-	-	9 750	10 095	25 42
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	142 3 669	1 303 519	34 1 220	6 425 143	211	361	60 20	59	30	_ =	4 475 6 926	5 822 8 363	1 300
15 to 24 years	1 275 817	153	388 325	105	40 107	140 72	22	19 24	6	_	6 384 8 990	7 868 10 119	628 176
35 to 44 years	270 512	50 141	105 161	47 74	20 26	36 79	12	5 11	7 8	_	9 074 7 376	10 089 9 557	89 147
65 years and over	795 29.2	440 29.1	241 28.7	56 31.3	18 29.6	34 29.3	2 8 .7	27.6	34.7	39.5	4 743	5 995	260 24.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	3 685 2 208	1 034 423	1 137 5 9 7	441 259	277 261	484 442	121 109	158 73	28 24	5 20	8 436 10 811	9 989 11 997	1 233 434
1970 to 1974	740 474	219 161	259 137	80 82	36 39	93 31	41 12	12 5		7	7 330 7 111	9 117 10 363	183 134
1959 or earlier	308	79	83	76	ĭś	33	iŝ	-	4	<u>-</u>	9 286	9 727	63
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	7 249 4 685	1 831 1 399	2 178 1 473	938 544	59 6 336	1 076 624	301 128	248 141	49 16	32 24	8 993 7 858	10 578 9 761	1 9 79 1 173
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	2 359 144	420 5	630 46	351 43	251 9	414 26	167 6	94	24 9	8 -	10 922 11 221	11 923 13 760	712 69
1.51 or more Ladding complete plumbing for exclusive use	61 166	7 85	29 35	_	32	12	=	13	7	_	9 236 4 911	13 789 7 671	25
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	62 96	41 44	6 21	=	8 24	7 -	=	=	7	=	4 219 5 476	6 322 8 725	24 44
1.01 to 1.50	8	=	- <u>-</u> -	-	==	-	_	=	Ė	_	6 250	5 490	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	·		·								0 230	3 4,0	
Heating equipment	7 415	1 916	2 213	938	628	1 083	301	248	56	32	8 897	10 513	2 047
Centrol heating systemAir_conditioning	5 969 496	1 514 45	1 769 125	730 77	552 65	851 86	245 42	226 30	50 4	32 22	9 017 12 538	10 758 15 466	1 561 39
Centrol system Vehicles available	5 059	16 787	1 470	672	514	1 023	278	240	43	10 32	8 839 11 014	18 945 12 371	1 068
1 2 or more	3 585 1 474	593 194	1 185 285	538 134	373 141	652 371	119 15 9	100 140	20 23 56	5 27	10 067 14 699	10 939 15 855	733 355
House heating fuelUtility gas	7 415 3 011	1 916 754	2 213 899	938 437	628 224	1 083 482	301 96	248 75	56 38	32 6	8 897 8 992	10 513 10 320	2 047 874
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	170 1 912	49 522	67 563	3 184	201	32 264	70 70	7 81	14	13	7 721 8 667	9 700 10 79 5	81 458
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	2 257 65	569 22	679 5	309 5	190 7	290 15	118 11	85	4	13	9 030 12 679	10 569 11 306	601 33
Median rooms	3.7	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.0	4.2	4.6	4,1	4.1	4.8	•••	•••	3.7
Specified renter-occupied housing units	7 342	1 916	2 191	938	613	1 059	295	242	56	32	8 842	10 462	2 039
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100	544	382	87	19	12	14	30		0	_	4 203	5 881	230
\$100 to \$149	993	325	408	127	28	86	9	10		Ξ	6 439	7 513	297
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2 075 1 554	294	438	269 271	220 113	305 303	62 56	53 69		10	8 930 10 415	9 755 11 307	343 267
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	989 518	214 62	249 162	146 40	88 97	163 94	66 33	34 15	9	13 6	10 539 12 188	12 719 13 137	133 117
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	263 240	61 25	90 56 35	29 18	16 39	30 37	18 15	19 36	14	_	8 866 13 846	10 765 15 944	86 27
\$500 or more No cash rent	47 119	22	34		-	27	6	6	10	3	8 8 9 3 10 795	8 564 15 963	24
GROSS RENT	\$200	\$167	\$194	\$208	\$229	\$221	\$242	\$241	\$300	\$269	•••	•••	\$197
Less than \$100	416	345	48	8	6	_	9	_	_	_	3 888	4 443	204
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	511 1 174	212 354	219 467	23 142	16 51	19 109	17 31	5 13	7	-	5 715 6 916	6 801 8 172	158 303
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 750 1 454	389 283	506 400	247 252	213 125	314 258	38 48	38 75	- 7	5 6	9 735 10 437	10 149 11 408	434 351
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	807 512	118 136	194 133	136 68	76 60	172 54	61 36	38 6	5 13	7	11 682 9 467	13 675 11 327	158 183
\$400 to \$499	404 195	30 27	139 51	25 26	34 32	74 32	49	46 15	7	5	13 088 11 875	14 461 15 243	144
No cash rent	119 \$243	22 \$204	34 \$233	11 \$257	\$256	27 \$265	\$301	\$289	10 \$365	\$325	10 795	15 963	\$24 \$239
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$245	\$204	\$233	\$237	\$230	\$203	\$301	\$207	\$303	\$323	•••		\$237
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	554 975	6 20	21 46	12 108	29 152	138 503	110 102	170 44	39	29	23 194 16 763	25 871 16 561	28 24
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 024 809	193	189 263	185 252	186 104	503 197 100	52 25	15	7	_	11 757 10 828	11 549 10 855	24 127 95
30 to 34 percent	547 1 277	58 54 195	205 795	179 160	66	43 51	-	<u>'</u>	-	-	10 203 7 349	9 727 7 861	89 228
50 percent or more	1 985	1 316	638	31	76 -	-		-	_		4 079	4 266	1 372
Not computed Median	171 32.0	74 50+	34 40.6	11 28.1	23.4	27 18.8	6 16.7	6 13.1	10 11.8	3 10—	6 437	11 109	76 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

	(Oata are estima	ntes bosed on o	sample, see Intro	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	is, see introduct	ion. For definition	ons of terms, se	e oppendixes A	and B)	
Burlington city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 120	82	316	617	502	421	593	264	200	125	355
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	183 781	_ 56	50 61	27 208	7 98	36 85	27 138	7 65	9 42	20 28 17	360 333 362 369 336 338 427 544
3 persons	621	6	104	75 177	110	65	138	65 85 75 15	21	17	362
5 persons	861 395	4 8	57 23	177 81	141 119	135 29	184 53 15 38	75 15	66 43	22 24	369 336
6 persons	167	8	23 21	34	27	46	15	-	ii	5	338
7 persons	86 26	-	-	15	-	16 9	-	8 9	8	9 -	544
Median	3.46	2.23	2.95	3.48	3.76	3.68	3.45	3.21	3.92	3.35	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	2 510	65	200	493	438	342	484	215	172	101	359
15 to 24 years	. 21 596	- 1	=1	67	67	5 76	12 199	103	41	43	446 439 375
35 to 44 years	651	12	25 155	83 300	67 153 205	105 150	126 147	48	70 57	43 29 29	375
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 160 82	53	20 18	43 35	13	6	-	64	- -	-	318 274
Male householder, no wife present	168	7	18	35	25	27	36	_	4	16	348
15 to 24 years	61	-	12	7	20	13	5	-	4		329
35 to 44 years	49 58	7	- 6	15 13	5	7	16 15	-	-	10	382 371
65 years and over	-	-	_	_	_	-	- 1	_	-	-	-
15 to 24 years	442	10	98	89	39	52	73	49	24	8	331
25 to 34 years	105	-	20	30	7	10	. 17	8	13		318
35 to 44 years	116 159	10	4 54	41 13	21 6	23 12	20 29	7 16	11	- 8	331 321
65 years and over	62	-	20	5	5	7	7	18	_	-	357
Median oge	44.4	58.2	53.3	48.4	43.3	43.0	38.0	38.6	41.8	40.2	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to Morch 1980	250 852	-	6	6 70	14 89	27 143	58 262	43 131	52 91	44 48	533 438 337 319 276
1970 to 1974	643	7	35 l	158	164	97	121	24	28	9	337
1960 to 1969	866 509	29 42	151	183 200	188 47	132 22	91 61	44 22	29	19	319
	307	72	""	100	~		0,				-,0
ROOMS			, [200
1 to 3 rooms	43	_	13	24	- 6	_	_	_	_	_	225 268 304 343 360 445
5 rooms	43 733 813	41 11	129 87	185 169	144	110	68 197	41	9	6	304
6 rooms	709	18	49 32	146	163 109	61 163	143	41 58 33	42 26	6 25 22 72	360
8 or more rooms	816 6.5	12 5.5	32 5.6	93 6.1	. 80 6.1	87 6.7	143 185 6.7	132 7.5	123 8.0	72 7.7	
	0.5	3.3	3.6	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	7.5	6.0	/./	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							_				
1975 to Morch 1980	123 307	4	6	46	22 52	13 63	5 80	25 13	31 29	17 19	546 390
1960 to 1969	532	2	35 82	114	99	57	104	60	49	12	364
1950 to 1959	794 354	20 13	43	166 74	141 49	126 31	182 53	21 54	25 23	31 14	364 346 348
1939 or earlier	1 010	43	145	217	139	131	169	91	43	32	336
VALUE	i										
Less than \$10,000	<u></u>	-	1	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	24 147	21	15 31	60	3 19	16	_	_	_	_	233 268 293 327 359
\$30,000 to \$39,999	487	21 34 17	95	60 134 185	119	16 70 134	14	13 12	-	8	293
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	753 668	17	112 51	185	116 133	134	177 180	65	23	8	327 359
\$60,000 to \$79,999	630 220	-	- 1	77	93	99	139	114	80	28 38	423 I
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	156	Ξ	6	21 6	11 8	14 18	47 32	43 12	40 43	37	526 607
\$150,000 or more	\$51 800	\$37 200	541 700	£44 400	£40,400	540 200	\$55,000	5	\$79 400	\$93 300	627
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	\$31,000	₩37 ZUU	\$41 700	\$46 600	\$49 400	\$49 300	\$55 000	\$64 700	₽/7 400	J 473 300	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979						,					İ
Less than 15 percent	1 195	59	182	349	213	154	135	59	21	23	- 302
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	586 502	8	59	126	128	82	103 160 80	37	29 78	14	339 424 432 461 396
25 to 29 percent	247	_ [16 12 18	56 26	83 24	55 38	80	48 34	24	6 9	432
30 to 34 percent	187 403	7 8	18 29	19 41	10 44	6 86	54 61	49 37	48	24 49	461
Not computed	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	3,0
Median	18.1	11.5	13.7	14.1	16.5	18.4	21.8	23.8	23.2	32.2	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							/				
Steam or hot water system	3 120	82	316	617	502	421	593	264	200	125	355
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	773 1 539	11 61	33 226	114 381	90 244	142 155	205 275	99 81	35 72	44	321
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	547 30	4	11	83 10	125	98	84	46 8	65 8	31	376
Other means	231	6	42	29	43	26	29	30	20	6	345
Air conditioning	811	8	79	172	150	115	124	98	32 6	33	349
1 or more individual room units	787	8	79	167	144	115	124	91	26	33	348
House heating fuel	3 120	82 19	316 83	617 206	502 123	421 128	593 161	264 65	200 30	125 11	399 321 376 513 345 349 514 348 355 343 536 378 343 438
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	31	-	6	_	_,	-	7	7	11	-	536
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	566	53	11 209	83 310	125 242	106 166	89 316	46 116	65 74	37 71	378
Other	140	6	7	18	12	21	20	30	20	6	438

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimate	s basea on a sam	pie, see introducti	on. For meaning	or symbols, see I	Introduction. For	definitions of term	is, see appenaixes	A and B j	
Burlington city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
	3 427				150	000	400	0.00	200	100
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 437	-	5	15	159	223	489	258	288	182
PERSONS IN UNIT	222				,,	70	00		27	1,44
1 person2 persons	333 659		5	15	66 77	72 96	99 214	59 103	37 149	164 182
3 persons	214	_	_		9	31	84	36	54	l 190 l
4 persons	99	-	-	-	7	5	47	22 26 12	18	l 190 l
5 persons	78	-	-	-	-	12	25	26	15	204 238 159
6 persons	36 18		_		_	7	9 11	12	15	150
7 persons 8 or more persons	<u> "</u>		_		_	<u> </u>			_	137
Median	2.08	-	2.00	2.00	1.68	1.91	2.18	2.18	2.22	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	876	_	5	6	79	114	312	143	217	188
15 to 24 years	-	_	_	-		-				
25 to 34 years	14	-	-	-	7		7		.=	137
35 to 44 years	61 429	-	5	- 6	29	7 46	9 157	16	29 122	245 191 179
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	372		-		43	61	139	64 63	66	179
Male householder, no wife present	104	-	- 1	-	29	19	21	17	18	160
15 to 24 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	
25 to 34 years	4 7	_	Ξ.	_ [_	_	7	4	_	225 175
45 to 64 years	22	_:	_	_	_	_	6	5	11	250
65 years and over	71	-	-		29	19	8	. 8	. 7	250 134
Female householder, no husband present	457 13	-	-	9	51	90 13	156	98	53	175 138
15 to 24 years 25 ta 34 years	13		=	=	_	13	Ξ	_	_	136
35 to 44 years	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
45 to 64 years	112	-	-	-	14	23	31	37	.7	181
65 years and over	332 66.3		62.5	9 75.8	37 72.0	54 68.0	125 66.2	61 65.5	46 62.4	176
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	00.5	_	52.3	, 5.0	7 2.0	00.0	00.2	03.3	02.4	
						,,,		97	1.4	200
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	60 94	_ [_ [_	7	19	24	27 26	14 26	220 210
1970 to 1974	99	_	_	- 1	_	12	24	13	50	250+
1960 to 1969	293	- [- 1	6	.32	41	98	58	58	184
1959 or earlier	891	-	5	9	120	140	343	134	140	175
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	2	_	_	-	-	2	_	_	_	138
4 rooms	85	-!	-	-	32 58	42		-	11	131
5 rooms	329	- 1	5	9	58	42 92 56	106	22 72	37	131 150 178
6 raams 7 rooms	363 247			6	22 31	36	174 122	45	33 43	185
8 ar mare rooms			-	- [16	25	87	119	164	233
Median	6.3	-	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.2	6.3	7.3	7.8	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								\		
1975 to March 1980	25	_	_	_	_	_	8	11	6	220
1970 to 1974	14	- 1	-	-	-	2	7	5	-	186
1960 to 1969	119	-	-	-	14	21	12	26	46	224 173
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	405 148		5	- 6	51 27	84 8	138 59	33 42	94 6	173
1939 or earlier	726	-	-	ğ	67	108	265	141	136	184
VALUE										
Less than \$10.000	11	_	_	_	2	9	_	_	_	135
\$10,000 to \$19,999	53	-	-	-	10	29	10	. 4	-	139 162 158 171
\$20,000 ta \$29,999	125	-	5	9	16 15	18	63 51	14	5	162
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	166 395		- 1		83	60 54	147	35 72 46	39	171
\$50,000 to \$59,999	297	_	-	6	83 26	42	121	46	56 60	181
\$60,000 to \$79,999	212	-	-	-	7	11	91	43	60	198
\$80,000 to \$99,999	98 61	-	-	-	-	-	- 6	38	60 49	250+ 250+
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	19					i <u>-</u> I	_		19	250+
Median	\$49 300	-	\$26 300	\$22 100	\$43 000	\$39 400	\$48 800	\$50 900	\$78 000	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979		-								
Less than 10 percent	489	-	-	15	38	47	188	101	100	188
10 to 14 percent	329	-	- 5	-	31	53	142	47	56 62	178
15 to 19 percent	238 70	[2	_	47	24 52	142 60 14	40 4	62	142
25 to 29 percent	76	_ [-	-	12	7	20 21	18	19	186 142 197 164 200 113
30 to 34 percent	58	-	-	-	10	13	21	8	6	164
35 percent or more Not computed	170	_ [-	14	27	44	40	45	200
Median	13.4	_	17.5	10-	15.7	17.4	12.0	13.0	13.9	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	1 437	_	5	15	159	223	489	258	288	182
Steam or hot water system	411	-	-1	-	21	33	147	86	124	203 173 238 117
Central warm-air fumace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	774 106	-	5	9	97 8	141 16	292 14	126 20	104 48	173
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	7		=		5	2	-	20	_	117
Other means	139	-	-	6	28	31	36	26	12	156
Air conditioning	319	-	-1	6	21	52	126	28	86	1 82
Central system 1 or more individual raam units	15 304		<u>-</u> 1	- 6	21	52	126	28	15 71	250+ 179
House heating fuel	1 437	_ [5	15	159	223	489	258	288	182
Utility gos	290	- I	5	-	35	40	103	56	51	182
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	10 123	_	- [8	5 16	14	5 25	60	1/5
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	933	_		9	89	144	360	167	164	182 175 247 181
Other	81	-		6	27	18	12	5	13	135

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						,,						
Dudington site			wner-occupied 1						nter-occupied 1			
Burlington city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	5 692	216	368	763	1 849	2 496	7 415	371	429	786	1 400	4 429
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	4 029 25	151	332	570	1 366 11	1 610	1 600 337	87 -	84 18	250 40	325 97	854 182
25 to 34 years	754 825	34 76	161 125	128 94	194 187	237 343	659 96	48 9	54	118 28	133 17	306 42
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	1 823 602	27 10	30 10	320 28	727 247	719 307	315 193	10 20	12	43 21	62 16	188 136
Male householder, no wife present	439	34	14	44_	105	242	2 146 838	108 39	107 32	172 54	406 204	1 353 509
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	113 72	13 6	Ξ	4 27	20 19	76 20	750 197	39 8	31 9	54 72 18	204 168 18	440 144
45 to 64 years65 years and over	115 139	15	14	13	45 21	55 91	219 142	17 5	35	7 21	11	184 76
15 to 24 years	1 224 22	31	22	149	378 3	644	3 669 1 275	1 76 37	238 25	364 95	669 311	2 222 807
25 to 34 years	140 143	12	16 6	18 21	44 40	50 76	817 270	28 6	41 11	77 16	168 50	503 187
45 to 64 years	351 568	6 13	-	29 81	165 126	151 348	512 795	20 85	37 124	61 115	70 70	324 401
Median age	51.3	40.0	35.1	48.8	55.1	53.3	29.2	34.5	38.4	32.3	26.3	29.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	461	61	20	41	141	198	3 685	283	162	320	759	2 161
1975 to 1978 1975 to 1978	1 177 885	155	166 182	140 115	273 286	443 302	2 208 740	88	164 163	281 119	455	1 220
1960 to 1969	1 397 1 772	Ξ'	-	467	428 721	502 1 051	474 308	=	103	66	95 49 42	423 359
ROOMS	1 //2	_	_	-	721	1 031	308	_	-	_	42	266
1 room	9 17	_	2 7	- 4	7 6	_	343 1 027	-	56	35	76 120	176
2 rooms	40	13	10	12 48	5 96	10	1 832 2 118	63 95	87 78	102 86	130 357	645 1 216
4 rooms5 rooms	356 1 409	45	145	210	554	194 455	1 344	148 50	128 45	296 190	465 260	1 081 799
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 418 2 443	79 71	69 135	186 303	531 650	553 1 284	495 256	15	28 7	43 34	79 33	330 182
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.0	5.8	6.1	6.0	6.6	3.7	3.7	3.4	4.1	3.8	3.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 621 3 630	216 142	368 137	763 473	1 830 1 222	2 444 1 656	7 249	371 273	429	779	1 353 837	4 317
0.51 to 1.00	1 884	68	224 7	275	562	755	4 685 2 359	2/3 98	283 146	449 297	454	2 843 1 364
1.01 to 1.50	100 7	6	-	15	39 7	33	144	Ξ	Ξ	28 5	39 23	77 33
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	71 61	=	Ξ	=	19 14	52 47	166 62	_	-	7	23 47 16 23	112 39 73
0.51 to 1.00	10	-	_	=	5	5	96	=	-	_	_	73
PERSONS IN UNIT	_	_	_	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	8	_
1 person	763 1 817	42	9	103	236	373	3 270	160	261	275	526	2 048
2 persons	1 071	38 42 48	65 67	211 155	679 350	824 457	2 415 929	166 20	83 22	230 126	538 189	1 398 572
4 persons	570 373	27 19	126 75	164 92	306 142	454 234	449 174	10 6	41 1 <u>5</u>	89 29	* 82 24	227 100
6 or more persons	2.75	3.17	26 3.84	38 2.94	136 2.53	154 2.61	178 1.68	1.65	7 1.32	37 2.01	41 1.82	84 1.62
Total persons	17 388	773	1 461	2 326	5 274	7 554	14 655	671	763	1 843	2 856	8 522
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attoched	4 798	180	335	691	1 774	1 818	693	19	48	146	113	367
3 ond 4	543 181	19	5	3 4	64 11	452 162	1 546 2 039	35 25	40 18	94 117	373 500	1 004 1 379
5 to 9 10 to 49	44 27	7			-	44 20	1 659 774	39 108	62 62	153	294 99	1 111
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	99	10	24	65	<u>-</u> .	-	689 15	145	195	166 11	21	162
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		, •		-			.,					
Steam or hot water system	5 692 1 606	216 50	368 35	7 63 96	1 849 445	2 496 980	7 415 2 536	371 122	429 56	786 83	1 400 497	4 429 1 778
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	2 746 716	34 111	51 221	346 269	1 208 76	1 107	1 659 1 617	74 169	56 301	191 468	382 216	956 463
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	72 552	, 5 16	61	52	16 104	51 319	157 1 446	6	16	18 26	70 235	1 163
Air conditioning	1 365 64	50 10	77 5	180	520	538 33	496 63	17 7	່າ້ຳ	39 10	89 13	340 33
1 or more individual room units	1 301 5 692	40 216	72	173 763	511 1 849	505 2 496	433 7 415	10 371	11 429	29 786	76 1 400	307 4 429
Utility gos	1 626 59	27 5	368 29 7	69 21	373 12	1 128	3 011 170	132	36 10	113	510 58	2 220 96
Electricity	752 2 981	123 48	234 53 45	274 368	82 1 319	39 1 193	1 912 2 257	191 48	328 55	570 97	264 556	559 1 501
Other	274 230	13 15	45 25	31 28	63 31	122	65 2 047	44	150	150	12 439	53 1 264
Percent below poverty level	4.0	6.9	6.8	3.7	1.7	5.2	27.6	11.9	35.0	19.1	31.4	28.5
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	311	8	19	26	75	183	1 916	73	191	179	347	1 126
\$5,000 to \$9,999	586 381	30 10	18 22	55 64	175 133	308 152	2 213 938	114 16	76	188 130	373 177	1 462 589
\$15,000 to \$19,999	296 899	6 36	23 92	27 81	92 246	148 444	628 1 083	31 60	26 31 59	111	126 287	329 561
\$25,000 to \$34,999	814 1 218	19 51	71 69	99 169	318 438	307 491	301 248	3 51	11 35	23 21	41	223 101
\$50,000 to \$49,999	794 393	25 31	25 29	176 66	242 130	326 137	56 32	23		18	4 5	29 9
Median	\$22 286 \$25 058	\$24 583 \$29 068	\$20 556 \$23 469	\$26 941 \$29 309	\$22 941 \$25 768	\$20 266 \$23 120	\$8 897 \$10 513	\$9 940 \$13 715	\$5 963 \$9 427	\$10 500 \$12 751	\$9 682 \$10 620	\$8 499 \$9 919
		,	,,	,		, ,	7.5 5.5	7.7 710	7. 72.			

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Owner-occupied I	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Burlington city	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	5 692 20	4 798 13	79 5 7	99	7 415 42	693 13	1 546	2 039	1 659 20	774 9	689	15
Married-couple families	4 029 25	3 522 21	463	44_	1 600 337	279 44	433 86	315 94	303 72	148 28	118	4 4
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	754 825	635 740	112 85	7	659 96	. 128	147 21	148 10	120 25	69	47 21	=
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 823 602	1 648 478	164 98	11 26 12	315 193	50 38	142 37	23 40	47 39	40 11	13 28	-
Male householder, no wife present	439 - 113	312 - 78	11 5 35	-	2 146 838 750	1 59 62 55	422 165 141	628 263 239	469 227 163	277 88 119	191 33 33	=
35 to 44 years	72 115	63 96	19	_	197 219	9 19	64 32	24 90	31 26	47 10	22 42	=
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	139 1 224	75 964	52 217	12 43	142 3 669	14 255	20 691	12 1 096	22 887	13 349	380 27	n
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	22 140	13 117	9 23 19	=	1 275 817	107 63	238 162	395 284	399 215	102 68	25	7
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	143 351 568	124 289 421	57 109	5 38	270 512 795	26 37 22	90 121 80	52 123 242	67 98 108	20 68 91	11 65 252	4
Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	51.3	50.5	56.0	70.7	29.2	30.3	29.8	27.9	26.7	30.9	64.1	20.6
1979 ta Morch 1980	461 1 177	353 993	92 155	16 29	3 685 2 208	323 213	741 478	1 005 642	885 470	430 200	297 198	4 7
1970 to 1974 1960 ta 1969	885 1 397	786 1 209	86 147	13 41	740 474	74 16	133 96	152 178	154 101	63 49	160 34	4
1959 or earlierROOMS	1 772	1 457	315	-	308	67	98	62	49	32	-	-
1 room 2 rooms	9 17	9 6	.4	7	343 1 027	30	18 37	37 260	106 315	69 175	113 210	
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	40 356 1 409	13 132 1 124	15 1 74 255	12 50 30	1 832 2 118 1 344	72 160 165	249 543 474	703 537 358	422 515 231	194 241 75	192 114 34	8 7
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 418 2 443	1 244 2 270	174 173	_	495 256	96 170	202 23	114 30	50 20	13	20	<u>-</u>
MedianPLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.4	5.3	4.1	3.7	5.0	4.4	3.5	3.5	3.2	2.6	4.4
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	5 621 3 630	4 775 3 060	747 495	99 75	7 249 4 685	693 361	1 534 998	1 997 1 355	1 609 983	719 535	682 442	15 11
0.51 to 1.00	1 884 100	1 620 88	240 12	24	2 359 144 61	324 8	483 33 20	584 40 18	580 39	174 - 10	210 24	4
1.51 or mare Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	71 61	23 23	48 38	=	166 62	=	12 7	42 30	50 10	55	6 7	=
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	10	=	10	-	96	_	5	12	32	40	7	=
1.51 or moreBEDROOMS	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	8	-	-	_
None	9 130	9 26	97 297	7	407 3 135	103	18 403	1 079	140 793	69 379	127 374	4
2 3	1 153 2 638 1 353	782 2 304 1 290	316	74 18	2 696 915 188	258 193 79	732 375 18	663 192 52	579 121 19	298 21	155 13 20	11
5 or mare	409	387	63 22	-	74	60		-	7	7	-	-
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	311 586	223 467	57 92	31 27	1 916 2 213	66 175	288 411	504 651	465 542	235 260	354 167	4 7
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	381 296	249 224	113	19]]	938 628	56 68	256 109	271 188	226 148	51 83	78 32	1
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 ta \$34,999	899 814 1 218	682 734 1 089	206 80 129	11	1 083 301 248	180 84 45	335 72 58	277 90 58	193 15 48	68 34 24	26 6 15	4
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	794 393	769 361	25 32	=	56 32	11	. 11	-	16	7	iĭ	=
Median	\$22 286 \$25 058	\$23 770 \$26 462	\$17 003 \$18 643	\$8 583 \$8 516	\$8 897 \$10 513	\$14 320 \$15 253	\$10 723 \$11 776	\$8 759 \$9 891	\$7 701 \$9 340	.\$7 840 \$10 732	\$4 926 \$7 384	\$6 250 \$8 086
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	5 692	4 798	795	99	7 415	693	1 546	2 039	1 659	774	689	15
Steam ar hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	1 606 2 746 716	1 254 2 438 676	352 233 40	75	2 536 1 659 1 617	126 267 158	414 494 163	743 414 291	670 323 382	304 97 284	279 49 339	15
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	72 552	37 393	30 140	5 19	157 1 446	22 120	29 446	62 529	23 261	6 83	15	<u>-</u>
Air conditioning Centrol system	1 365 64	1 1 89 48	1 70 16	6 -	496 63	80 13	127	69	1 36 27	54 17	26	4
Vehicles available	5 314 2 605	4 568 2 144	696 429	50 32	5 059 3 585	600 345	1 156 763	1 444	1 093 850	480 339	275 242	11
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos	2 709 5 692 1 626	2 424 4 798 1 211	267 795 415	18 99	1 474 7 415 3 011	255 693 191	393 1 546 780	409 2 039 980	243 1 659 609	141 774 251	33 689 200	15
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	59 752	41 712	40 40	15	170 1 912	25 176	58 183	60 356	14 503	7 322	372	=
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	2 981 274	2 599 235	298 39	84 -	2 257 65	281 20	52 0 5	638 5	515 18	188 6	100 11	15
Water heating fuel Utility gos Bettled took or IP are	5 684 1 409	4 790 1 053	795 356	99	7 415 2 683	693 241	1 546 663	2 039 821	1 659 520	774 263	689 175	15
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	37 3 699 522	28 3 231 467	369 55	99 -	204 3 666 813	17 364 71	58 721 104	96 883 239	27 844 255	422 89	417 55	15
Other	17 4 694	11 4 062	573	59	49 2 548	396	707	531	13 521	223	36 1 62	- 8
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	2 373 814	2 102 689	258 118	13 7	1 239 753	237 172	325 157	262 172	277 176	55 26	79 46	4
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	573 221	466 198	97 23	10	637 513	97 58	254 158	1 93 123	186 131	59 14	44 25	4
With own children under 6 years	42 998 230	39 736 1 59	222 45	40 26	214 4 867 2 047	36 297 157	50 839 35 5	55 1 508 577	57 1 138 507	551 236	12 527 211	7
Percent below poverty level	4.0	3.3	5.7	26.3	27.6	22.7	23.0	28.3	30.6	30.5	30.6	26.7

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estima	res bosed on o	sumple, see illin	oduction. For me	ulling of symbols	, see imiodociioi	i. roi deminio	is of ferriss, see	oppendixes A o	iid Dj	
Burlington city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	5 692 336	763	1 817 149	1 071 101	1 098 41	570 19	243 17	104 9	26 -	2.75 2.69	17 388 1 012
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	66 356 1 409 1 418 1 040 1 403 6.2	37 150 226 164 105 81 5.4	16 159 513 514 268 347 5.9	6 37 299 297 153 279 6.2	7 4 253 249 282 303 6.6	- 6 80 117 147 220 7.1	- 38 36 68 101 7.2	- - 41 8 55 7.6	- - - 9 17 7.7	1.39 1.68 2.43 2.60 3.46 3.48	108 741 3 965 4 302 3 288 4 984
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	5 621 5 514 100 7 71 71	757 757 - - 6 6	1 773 1 773 - - 44 44	1 071 1 065 6 - -	1 077 1 070 - 7 21 -	\$70 564 6 - - - -	243 205 38 - -	104 63 41 - - -	26 17 9 - -	2.76 2.71 6.50 4.00 2.17 2.17	17 193 16 499 671 23 195 195
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	4 798 795 99	564 164 35	1 514 258 45	880 179 12	987 104 7	507 63 -	216 27 -	104 - -	26 - -	2.86 2.41 1.82	14 363 2 837 188
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000 - 19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	4 557 11 77 272 653 1 148 965 842 318 217 54 \$50 900	516 2 10 45 87 124 113 88 34 13 - \$49 300	1 440 7 39 53 210 347 309 268 97 71 39 \$51 600	835 2 	960 	473 - 12 42 62 96 95 70 51 45 - \$51 700	203 - 21 20 62 33 53 9 5 5 \$49 700	104 	26 - - 9 - 8 9 - 8 9	2.89 2.00 2.23 3.05 2.72 2.96 2.84 2.90 3.24 3.53 2.19	13 544 37 304 772 1 655 3 262 2 887 2 640 1 061 792 134
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. Wifth a mortgage Not mortgaged. Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. Wifth a mortgage Not mortgaged.	5 692 \$22 286 16.6 18.1 13.4 230 \$3 520 50+ 50+ 50+	763 \$9 201 28.1 25.6 29.8 89 \$3 114 50+ 49.3	1 817 \$19 766 15.6 17.8 13.6 58 \$2 986 50+ 50+ 50+	1 071 \$22 719 16.8 20.0 10.6 39 \$4 375 50+	1 098 \$26 919 15.8 17.2 10— 24 \$5 735 50+ 50+	\$70 \$26 463 15.5 17.1 10— 7 \$3 750 50+ 50+	243 \$33 232 12.0 13.0 10 13 \$7 679 50+ 50+ 50+	\$28 611 14.3 16.8 10	\$28 611 21.4 21.4 	2.75 1.95 	17 388
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	7 415 1 773	3 270	2 415 1 179	929 364	449 153	174 35	83	80 25	15 7	1.68 2.25	14 655 4 635
ROOMS 1 room	343 1 027 1 832 2 118 1 344 495 256 3.7	317 835 1 115 686 223 60 34 2.9	26 147 625 936 491 154 36 3.9	27 73 336 337 128 28 4.6	18 6 117 146 79 83 5.1	13 30 90 16 25 5.0	- - 8 28 35 12 5.7	- - 5 22 15 38 6.4	- - - 7 8	1.04 1.11 1.32 1.90 2.41 2.76 3.86	346 1 256 2 634 4 318 3 505 1 539 1 057
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	7 249 7 044 144 61 166 158 -	3 151 3 151 119 119	2 385 2 367 - 18 30 22 - 8	917 890 27 	444 420 6 18 5 5	174 131 30 13 - - -	83 47 36 	80 38 37 5 - - -	15 - 8 7 	1.70 1.66 5.75 4.19 1.20 1.16	14 442 13 436 764 242 213 198 - 15
1. detached or attached	693 1 546 2 039 1 659 774 689 15	145 456 961 783 442 476 7	199 596 697 515 262 142 4	115 290 202 252 44 22	147 79 124 65 14 20	45 51 42 20 7 9	11 54 13 - - 5	31 13 - 16 5 15 -	7 - 8 - -	2.52 2.03 1.58 1.59 1.38 1.22 1.63	1 984 3 444 3 800 3 137 1 225 1 029 36
Specified renter-accupied housing units Less than \$100 s \$149 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$249 \$350 to \$239 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	7 342 416 511 1 174 1 750 1 454 807 512 404 195 119 \$243	3 270 374 343 791 866 477 197 95 53 26 48 \$205	2 386 42 78 198 624 654 362 202 165 37 24 \$268	906 - 31 78 178 183 152 132 86 36 36 30 \$289	436 - 38 45 43 82 55 30 65 64 14 \$303	174 - 7 18 25 32 22 30 17 23 - \$311	75 - - 23 6 6 6 19 9 - 9 3 \$303	14 21 - 13 - 14 18 - - \$260	15 - - 8 7 - - - - \$248	1.67 1.06 1.24 1.24 1.51 1.88 2.07 2.30 2.40 3.46 1.98	14 453 399 890 1 891 3 053 3 026 1 843 1 300 1 108 693 250
SEECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion gross rent as percentage of household income Income in 1979 below peverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	7 415 \$8 897 32.0 2 047 \$3 835 50+	\$ 270 \$5 943 36.8 947 \$2 956 50+	2 415 \$11 175 30.1 519 \$3 991 50+	929 \$11 803 29.9 306 \$5 542 50+	\$11 887 28.9 141 \$7 083 50+	174 \$12 841 28.0 52 \$7 500 50.0	\$16 991 23.8 27 \$7 250 30.8	\$18 750 20.8 40 \$15 000 23.1	15 \$10 156 29.7 15 \$10 156 29.7	1.68 1.65 	14 655

Table B-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

= L	Udro dre estimates based on a somple, see infrada	es pasea ou o	somple, see inn	Cilon. rot	meaning or	symbols, see in	introduction. For	o 1	or rerms, see oppe	S A ONG						-	
	1		Маттед-со	-couple familie	_			Male hauseho	Male hauseholder, no wife present	esent		ا ع	emale househol	Female householder, no husband present	1 present		
Burlington city	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Medion age
Owner-occupied housing units	5 692	52	754	825	1 823	602	1	113	73	115	139	22	140	143	351	895	51.3
PERSONS IN UNIT person 2 person 3 person 4 person 5 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 6 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 per	763 1 817 1 071 1 098 1 098 373 2.75 17 388	2.33 68	123 124 124 21 3.69 2 860	70 89 339 186 141 4.25 3 649	687 370 364 223 179 3.11 6 036	477 103 8 8 8 6 2.13	1111111	58 35 16 1.47	31 19 12 17 135	35 28 33 30 30 30 30	110 22 3 3 4 1.13 206	2.65	27 53 37 23 - 231 317	35 35 35 11 15 452 452	124 101 79 32 7 7 2.01 807	\$\$4.2 %	888 89.95 8.95 8.95 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.65 8.6
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 01 or more persons per room Loding complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	5 621 107 71	23	746 14 8	815 49 10	1 818 38 5	590 12 12	1111	<u> </u>	22 +	112	38.	22	041	143	342	22.	51.2 65.6 1
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979																	
With a marigage of the state of	2 3 120 1 195 5 82 2 82 2 82 2 82 2 82 2 83 2 83 2 83 2	22 5 8 8 1	596 596 596 1337 1237 1237 134 14 14 10-	712 651 223 223 250 50 61 61 61 77 77 77	1 589 1 160 1 160 205 205 208 28 28 273 432 423 424 427 7 7	25 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		\$200 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2 23.2	8888 850 877 875 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	E	13. 12. 13.	30. 30. 10. 20. 10. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 2	32.0 2.0 3.0 3.0 3.0	271 128 333 333 335 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	39.4 20.0 31.4 33.4 33.4 33.5 33.5 33.5 33.5 33.5 33	88 44 48 54 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44
Remer-ecupted housing units	7 415	337	659	%	315	193	838	750	197	219	142	1 275	817	270	512	795	29.2
PERSONS IN UNIT person	3 270 2 415 929 449 174 178 168 14 655	169 109 37 14 14 18 888	295 125 116 82 41 2.78 2 093	122 222 16 8 8 8 8 4 4 14	130 105 38 37 2.76 945	172 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	309 330 124 55 11 1.83	478 219 43 10 1.28 1 065	160 30 7 - - 1,12 270	37 37 12 6 6 71,17	128 14 1.05 1.05	495 528 174 57 14 1.77 2 442	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	121 287 180 180 849	25 44 25 25 25 26 26 27	710 80 1.06 1.08	33.4 26.7 26.6 29.5 37.3
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	7 249 205 166 8	330 28 7	63	85 1 1	315 18	193	808 30 30 8	716 - 34	171 28	196 23 1	142	1 249 24 26 -	809 91 8 8	270 13 - 1	506 5 6	789 5 6	29.2 29.0 22.5
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 1979 Less than 15 percent 20 to 22 percent 22 to 29 percent 23 to 29 percent 35 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent Median	7 342 554 975 1 0024 1 0024 1 1 985 1 1 1 985 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	253 253 247 237 230 230	653 154 154 154 154 155 157 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158	26. 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	25. 25. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27.	838 82 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 8 4 4 4 8 4 4 4 8 4 4 4 4 8 4	745 57 175 99 89 89 113 129 28 26.5	194 234 237 237 231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231 231	219 12 12 13 33 30 17 30 43 27.8	133 17 17 17 17 18 26,3	1 267 17 85 117 79 79 833 277 347.5	817 44 74 74 74 74 107 107 103 133 133 133	072 072 072 072 074 074 075 075 075 075 075 075 075 075 075 075	512 47 47 28 29 47 47 47 67 67 15 15 15 38.4	789 23 24 105 27 27 209 27 27 35.4	23.3.5.3.3.5.3.5.3.5.3.5.3.5.3.5.3.5.3.5

Table B — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Luato are estima	ores based on o	sumple, see	Male hous		or symbols,	see amount	ion. Tor delimin	OIIS OF TETRIS	Female hou			
Burlington city			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years
	Total	Total	years	years	years	years	and over	Tota!	years	years	years	years	and over
Owner-occupied housing units	763	234	-	58	31	35	110	529	6	27	16	124	356
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	757 6	231 3	Ξ	58 -	31_	35_	107 3	526 3	<u>6</u>	27	16	124	353 3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ortoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	564 164 35	154 73 7	=	39 19 -	28 3 -	26 9 -	61 42 7	410 91 28	- 6 -	20 7 -	12 4 -	109 15	269 59 28
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	189	37	_	4	7	3	23	152	3	=	=	22	127
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	. 44 1	53 19 11 52	=	4 3 7 36	3	3 - - 3	46 13 4 13	174 50 33 56	3 - -	8 - 3 7	5 - 11	25 14 26 13	133 36 4 25
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	63	19 31		4	15	14	7	19 32	=	9	' <u>'</u>	7	12 19
\$50,000 or more	19 \$9 201 \$12 901	12 \$14 318 \$17 324	=	\$16 719 \$15 747	\$23 417 \$17 899	12 \$28 036 \$40 302	\$8 939 \$10 681	7 \$7 835 \$10 944	\$5 000 \$5 733	\$18 393 \$18 108	\$15 682 \$13 874	7 \$12 596 \$15 134	\$6 555 \$8 898
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	412 701	\$17 J24		\$13 747	\$17 077	\$40 302	\$10 001	\$10 744	43 733	\$10 100	\$13 074	\$13 134	\$0 676
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	516 183	123 66	=	26 26	21 21	19 19	57 _ _	393 117	=	20 20	12 12	106 52	255 33
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	50 27 7	12 8 7	-	6 -	8	6	-	38 19	=	Ξ	7	24 7	14
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	36 27	20 7	=	13 - -	7 - -	7	-	16 20 7	=	7	5 - -	7 6	777
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median	9 20	12 \$365	=	- \$350	- 6 \$368	- 6 \$425	-	9 8 \$355	-	9 - \$493	- \$293	- 8 \$264	- \$275
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	333	57 	=	=	=	=	57 - -	276 	<u>-</u>		-	54	* 222
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	- 66 72	23 19	=	=	=	-	23 19	43 53	=	=	=	- 14 11	29 42 77
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	99 59 37	8 7	=	Ē	=	-	8 7	91 59 30	<u>-</u>	=	-	14	44 30
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$164	\$132	_	_	-	-	\$132	\$173	-	-	-	\$157	\$176
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	28.1 25.6 29.8	19.1 20.0 18.6	=	25.0 25.0	44.2 44.2	12.9 12.9	18.6 - 18.6	30.8 28.0 32.1	=	30.7 30.7	24.3 24.3	22.0 16.4 28.6	32.6 33.9 32.4
Percent below poverty level	89 11.7	21 9.0	Ξ	4 6.9	22.6	3 8.6	6.4	68 12.9	3 50.0	Ξ	Ξ	11 8.9	54 15.2
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	3 270	1 239	309	478	160	164	128	2 031	495	446	121	259	710
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	3 151 119	1 151 88	292 17	444 34	134 26	153 11	128	2 000 31	476 19	446 -	121	253 6	704
1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4	145 456 961	80 209 321	8 66 77	45 71 143	9 37 24	13 15 65	5 20 12	65 247 640	19 38 173	17 78 160	13 21 32	46 59	16 64 216
5 to 9	783 442 476 7	263 211 155	92 55 11	102 91 26	26 42 22	26 10 35	17 13 61	520 231 321 7	203 49 6 7	134 51 6	24 20 11	64 36 54	. 95 75 244
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 374	421	142	113	25	53 52	88	953	279	106	13	115	440
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 100 306 210	379 131 110	111 29 7	151 50 60	31 21 20	52 25 23	34 6 -	721 175 100	190 19 7	189 46 65	50 27 15	91 27 6	201 56 7
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	228 26 14	152 20 1 <u>4</u>	20 	99 5 -	28 9 14	5 6 -	- -	76 6 -	=	34 6 -	16 - -	20 _ _	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 or more	7 5 \$5 943 \$7 146	\$7 130	\$5 530	\$8 798	7 5 \$12 875	\$7 132	- \$4 259 \$4 642	\$5 340	\$4 526 \$4 680	\$8 182	\$9 728	\$5 604	\$4 485
GROSS RENT		\$8 683	\$6 222	\$9 392	\$15 056	\$8 193		\$6 209		\$8 437	\$9 491	\$6 436	\$5 232
Specified renter-ecupled housing units 100	3 270 374 343 791	1 239 89 139	309 10 37	478	160 6 13	164 11 23	128 62 25	2 031 285 204	495 7 46	38	121	259 14 33	710 251 . 87
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	866 477 197	314 340 161 52	59 97 56 13	121 154 57	48 45 18 18	65 28 30	21 16 -	477 526 316	193 150 75	128 125 88	30 34 26 8	62 79 34 28	64 138 93 39
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	95 53 26	58 47 13	15 7	21 33 31 13	3 9	7	=	145 37 6 13	13 - - 4	57 10 - -	6	28 - - 9	27
No cosh rent	48 \$205	26 \$209	15 \$220	\$227	\$209	\$180	\$105	\$203	\$200	\$223	\$217	\$209	\$159
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Medium gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level	36.8 947	30.3 307	45.3 122	28.7 93	23.1 25	29.2 35	27.1 32	39.4 640	49.9 202	30.9 78	31.4 7	49.6 93	36.4 260
Percent below poverty level	29.0	24.8	39.5	19.5	15.6	21.3	25.0	31.5	40.8	17.5	5.8	35.9	36.6

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Burlington city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Burlington city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	58	21	25	12	Vacant for rent housing units	239	173	42	24
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	_	-	_	-	1 room	41	34	7	
4 rooms5 rooms	5 38	16	5 10	12	2 rooms	17	8	-	9
6 rooms	JO -	10	-	12	3 rooms	59 70	38 52	6 18	15
7 rooms	2	2		-	5 rooms	18	18	,,,	
8 or more rooms	13 5.1	3 5.2	10 5.3	5.0	6 rooms	25	18	7	-
mediali zzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzzz	3.1	3.2	J.3	3.0	7 or more rooms	9 3.5	5 3.6	3.9	2.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES	3.3	3.0	3.7	2/
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	58	21	25	12	PLUMBING PACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	-	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	232	173	35	24
BEDROOMS					Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	·	_		-
None	-	-	-	-	BEDROOMS				
12	15		15	_	None	41	34	7	_
3	31	19	- 5	12	1	73	46	. 6	21
4	12	2	10	-	2	103 18	78 11	22	3
5 or more	-	-	7	_	4	4	'4	<u>-</u>	_ [
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 to March 1980	43	21	10	12	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	'			
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	- 1	_	_	-	1975 to March 1980	34	30		
19 50 to 1959	4	-	4	_	1970 to 1974	3-	30		_ [
1940 to 1949	11	-	,-	-	1960 to 1969	30	20	7	3
1939 or earlier	" 1	-	11	_	1950 to 1959	14 23	7 23	7	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1939 or earlier	138	93	24	21
1, detached or attached	19	,5	14	12	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or trailer	39	16	11	12					
	ŀ				1, detoched or attoched	67	34	24	-
HEATING EQUIPMENT					3 and 4	48	36	_	12
Central heating system	53	21	20	12	5 to 9 10 to 49	51 61	40 54	11	-
Other means	5	-	5	-	50 or more	5	54		=1
None	-	_	-	_	Mobile home or trailer	3	-	-	3
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	19	5	14	-	Sanatifical comment for most because of the	225	.,,		
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	_	_ [_	_	Specified vacant for rent housing units	235	169	42	24
\$20,000 to \$29,999	-	-1	- 1	_	\$100 to \$149	34	12	13	9
\$30,000 to \$39,999	-	-	-	-	\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	56 51	48 32	8	12
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	- 4			_	\$250 ta \$299	32	29	<u>'</u>	3
\$60,000 to \$79,999	12	2	10	_	\$300 to \$399	39	32	7	- 1
\$80,000 to \$99,999	- 3	-	-	-	\$400 or more	23 \$221	16 \$240	\$200	\$204
\$100,000 or more	\$67 800	\$104 200	\$66 500	_	Medicii	\$221	⊅ ∠4U	\$200	\$206
	401 000 1	7107 200 I	400 200 [_					

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitians of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	inococnon. To		or (errito), se	c appendixe	3 74 GHG GJ		
		Price asked	-Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	using units			Rent aske	d — Specified	vacant for	rent housing	units	
Burlington city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	19	-	-	_	16	3	67 800	235	_	90	83	39	23	221
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	19 -	Ξ	-	-	16 -	3	67 800	228 7	_	83 7	83	39	23	224 115
BEDROOMS														
None	- 4 3 12	- - - - -	,7 - - -	-	- 4 - 12	- - 3 -	52 500 112 500 68 000	41 73 99 18 4	-	37 39 12 2 -	34 49 - -	30 9 -	4 8 7 4	154 177 278 389 450
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	9 - 4	- - -	-	- - -	6 - - 4	3 -	71 300 - 52 500	34 - 30 14 23	-	4 - 5 -	17 - 3 14 9	13 - 14 - 9	- - 8 -	275 - 375 225 238
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	6	Ξ	-	-	6	Ξ	67 500	134	Ξ	76	40	3	15	174
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	 	:::	:::	:::	16 	3	67 800	232 3	=	90 -	80 3	39	23	220 263

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing	units
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample
The SMSA	41 198	20.3
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's		
Burlington city	13 763	16.0

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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LITH IZATION		The 1980 canque was conducted n	rimarily

through self-enumeration. The principal

CHARACTERISTICS.....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group guarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Non-institutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, non-institutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. **Duration of Vacancy**—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder -- Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do no seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups a the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level o immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a resul of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islande categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded ove that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guama nian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were in cluded in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to resport a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the

sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/. Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix F)

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4): floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene: and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question) H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central cat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual com heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, neat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration init. It does not include evaporative coolers, ans, or blowers which are not connected to a efrigeration unit; however, it does include eat pumps. A central system is an installaion which air conditions a number of rooms. n an apartment building, such a system may ool all apartments in the building, each partment may have its own central system, ir there may be several systems, each proiding central air conditioning for a group of partments. A system with individual room ontrols is a central system. A room unit is an ndividual air conditioner which is installed in window or an outside wall and is generally ntended to cool one room, although it may cometimes be used to cool more than one gom (see question H27 in appendix E).

/ehicles Available — Data for this item refer o the number of households with vehicles vailable at home for the use of the members if the household. Included in this item are assenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel rucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as tation wagons, company cars, and taxicabs ept at home for use of household members. ars rented or leased for 1 month or more; olice and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton apacity or less are also included if kept at some and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a ource of power for some piece of nachinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at ome but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the umber of households owning vehicles (see uestions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, ondata on the number of households with
utomobiles which were owned or regularly
sed by members of the household were obained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks
were not counted. In 1980, the data on
utomobiles available include taxicabs if kept
the home for use of household members but
exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix.E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income: Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted										
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more	
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •.	
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	•••	•••	• • • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
2 persons	4,723	4,723	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••		
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	••••	
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844	•••	•••		•••	•••		
persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••"	
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •	•••	•••		
persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512	• • •	•••	•••	
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429	• • •	•••	
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	• • • •	
or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024	

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Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which

they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. For these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publ cation were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulte in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record For any given tabulation area, a charac teristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group Persons in Housing Units With a

		Family With Own Children
		Under 18
	1	2 persons in housing unit
oli-	2	3 persons in housing unit
ve	3	4 persons in housing unit
ed	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
ch	5	8 or more persons in housing
d.		unit
ac-		

Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

1 Householder

Curren White Book

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3 4	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older
	Female
9-16	Same age categories as
	groups 1 to 8
	Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32	Same age and sex cate-
17-52	gories as groups 1 to 16
	gories as groups into to
	Black Race
33-64	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	3 (1
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32
	American Indian, Eskimo, or
	Aleut Race
97-128	Same age-sex-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 32

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step

not listed above)

Other Race (includes those races

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example. if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage 1-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family
	Without Own Children Under 1

Housing Units With a Family
Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group Owner White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House 1 \$0 to \$9.999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999 4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+ 8 Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

Same value categories 9-16 as groups 1 to 8 Black Race 17-32 Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16 Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin 33-48 categories as groups 1 to 16 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value-Spanish origin 49-64 categories as groups 1

to 16

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16

Renter White Race

65-80

Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 81 \$60 to \$99 82 \$100 to \$149 83 \$150 to \$199 84 \$200 to \$249 85 \$250 to \$299 86 \$300 to \$399 87 \$400 to \$499 88 \$500+ 89 Other Renter 90 No Cash Rent 91

> Persons not of Spanish origin

92-102 Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91

Black Race

103-124 Same rent—Spanish origin.
categories as groups 81
to 102

Asian, Pacific Islander Race

125-146
Same rent—Spanish origin
categories as groups 81
to 102

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

147-168 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin

69-190 Same rent—Spanish origi categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

- Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
- 3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample] '

Estimated	Size of publication area													
Total 1/	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	1 70	230	° 250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-tn-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage												
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4 2.2	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0 3.6	1.8 2.4 2.9	1.5 2.1 2.5	1.3 1.7 2.1	1.0 1.3 1.6	0.7 0.9 1.1	0.6 0.8 0.9	0.5 0.7 0.8	0.3 0.4 0.5	0.2 0.3 0.4	0.2 0.2 0.3	0.1 0.1 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1
20 or 80	4.0 4.3	3.3 3.5	2.8 3.1	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9 1.0	0.6 0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1
30 or 70	4.6 4.8	3.7 3.9	3.2 3.4	2.6 2.8	2.0 2.1	1.4 1.5	1.2	1.0	0.6 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	` 1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

8 = 8ese of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

^{2/} The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Perc en t	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.0	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.8	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.8	0.4
Tenure	1-1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.0	0.9	0.5
Storles in structure	0.9	0.7	0.4
Passenger elevator	1.0	0.7	0.5
Persons In unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year structure bullt	1.0	0.8	0.5
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.8	0.5
Air conditioning	1.3	1.0	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Income In 1979	1.1	0.8	0.5
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household Income	1.0	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing Existence of complete plumbing for exclusive use with 1.01 persons per	1.1	0.9	0.5
room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
 - 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
 - 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rant includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living guarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other we	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, well, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({ }) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
 - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.
 - Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.
 - b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
 - c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their errival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is now inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day besis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Gracery stare	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

 Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Oo not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces ellotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

If the address shown below has the wrong apartment identification, please write the correct apartment number or location here:						
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					
-						
DO	A1	A2	A4	A5 L	A6	

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to me and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available of other government agencies or the public. The same law equires that you answer the questions to the best of your snowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

For Spanish-speaking persons): Il USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL ame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en I encasillado de la dirección.

), si prefiere, marque esta casilla $\ \square\$ y devuelva el cuestionario or correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

S Department of Commerce ureau of the Census

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this:

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here.

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital.
- Relatives living here.
- Lodgers or boarders living here.
- Other persons living here.
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere.
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working.

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

here on staying	here on Tuesday, April 1, 1980, or who was staying or visiting here and had no other home					
-						

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

These are stored		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2				
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Lest name				
QUESTIONS	Please fill one column for each	First name Middle initial	First name Middle in				
↓	person listed in Question 1.						
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household	If relative of person in column 1: O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative —				
		member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented, if there	O Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee				
		is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.					
3. Sex Fill one circle.		O Male	O Male Female				
4. Is this person	•	O White O Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print tribe →	O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese Guamanian O Chinese Samoan O Filipino Eskimo O Korean Aleut O Vietnamese Other — Specify — Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →				
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday				
a. Print age at	last birthday.						
b. Print month	and fill one circle.	b. Month of 1 • 8 0 Ø 0 Ø 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0				
c. Print year in below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	birth				
6. Marital stat	us	O Now married O Separated	O Now married O Separated				
FIII one circle	e.	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced	O Widowed O Never married O Divorced				
7. Is this personigin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban				
		O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic				
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	uary 1, 1980, has this person agular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, dementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related				
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade ettended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12				
If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12."		College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more O O O O O O Never attended school — Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school — Skip question 7				
10. Did this person finish the highest grade (or year) attended? Fill one circle.		Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)				
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→ NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1—H12

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		O \$17,500 to \$19,		\$65,000 to \$6	
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		O \$40,000 to \$44,	999 0	\$150,000 to	\$199,999
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		for occasional use	1. 00 1		666
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m	C3. Is this uni	it boarded up?	2.001	υρ./r	888
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PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20.	FOR YOUR HOUSEHOL	D
The state of the s	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 becau if the person should be listed — for example, a hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a	new baby still in the	
relative of person in column 1: O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative	once in a while and has no other home? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason let	ft out. H10. If this is a one-fa	
not related to person in column 1.	No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away for example, on a vacation or in a hospital?	rom home now —	O No
O Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative, Partner, roommate Paid employee	 Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason pe No 	O Yes	stablishment or medical office?
O Male Female	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already lis Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for at the home address to report the p	or whom there is no one unit which you	ne-family house or a condominium own or are buying — we of this property, that is, how
O White O Asian Indian O Black or Negro O Hawaiian O Japanese O Guamanian O Chinese O Samoan	No No H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vac	much do you th	ink this property (house and lot or nit) would sell for if it were for sale?
O Filipino O Eskimo O Korean O Aleut	o One 2 apartments or living quarters	A mobi	this question if this is — le home or trailer e on 10 or more acres
O Vietnamese O Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe	 3 apartments or living quarters 4 apartments or living quarters 5 apartments or living quarters 		e with a commercial establishment ledical office on the property
Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 	 \$10,000 to \$14 \$15,000 to \$15 \$17,500 to \$19 	1,999 • \$55,000 to \$59,999 1,499 • \$60,000 to \$64,999
1 • 8 0 6 0 6 0 9 0 1 0 1 0 birth 2 0 2 0	 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters This is a mobile home or trailer 	\$20,000 to \$22\$22,500 to \$24	,999 \$70,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999
3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0	H5. Do you enter your living quarters — O Directly from the outside or through a comm	O \$27,500 to \$29	9,999 • \$90,000 to \$99,999 4,999 • \$100,000 to \$124,999
O Jan.—Mar. O Apr.—June O July—Sept. 6 O 6 O 7 O 7 O 8 O 8 O	Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in that is, not and cold piped water, a flush toil	○ \$40,000 to \$40,000	1,999 O \$150,000 to \$199,999 0,999 O \$200,000 or more
O Oct.—Dec. 9 0 9 0	shower? O Yes, for this household only	What is the m	for your living quarters — onthly rent? id by the month, see the instruction
O Widowed O Never married O Divorced O No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilit No plumbing facilities in living quarters		o figure a monthly rent. O \$160 to \$169 O \$170 to \$179
O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban	H7. How many rooms do you have in your living of Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foy	quarters?	○ \$180 to \$189 ○ \$190 to \$199 ○ \$200 to \$224
Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic No, has not attended since February 1	O 1 room O 4 rooms O 7 rooms O 2 rooms O 5 rooms O 8 rooms O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more	© \$90 to \$99 © \$100 to \$109 © \$110 to \$119	\$225 to \$249 \$250 to \$274 \$275 to \$299
Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	H8. Are your living quarters Owned or being bought by you or by someo Rented for cash rent?	O \$120 to \$129	 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499
Highest grade attended: Nursery school Kindergarten	Occupied without payment of cash rent?	O \$150 to \$159	○ \$500 or more
Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	A4. Block number A6. Serial number Occupied	or quarters For vacant units C1. Is this unit for — Year round use	D. Months vacant ○ Less than 1 month □ Less than 1 month
College (scademic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	O First form Continue I I I I I I Vacant	O Seasonal/Mig. — Skip C2.	O 1 up to 2 months O 2 up to 6 months O 6 up to 12 months I I I
O O O O O O O O O O Never attended school-Skip question / C	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4	. I C Rembed or sold, not occupie	O 1 year up to 2 years O 2 or more years 0 4 + 4
Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	555 555 666 666 Group qu	Held for occasional use Other vacant Other vacant	1. O O Mail return G G G G 2. O O Pop./F ? ? ?
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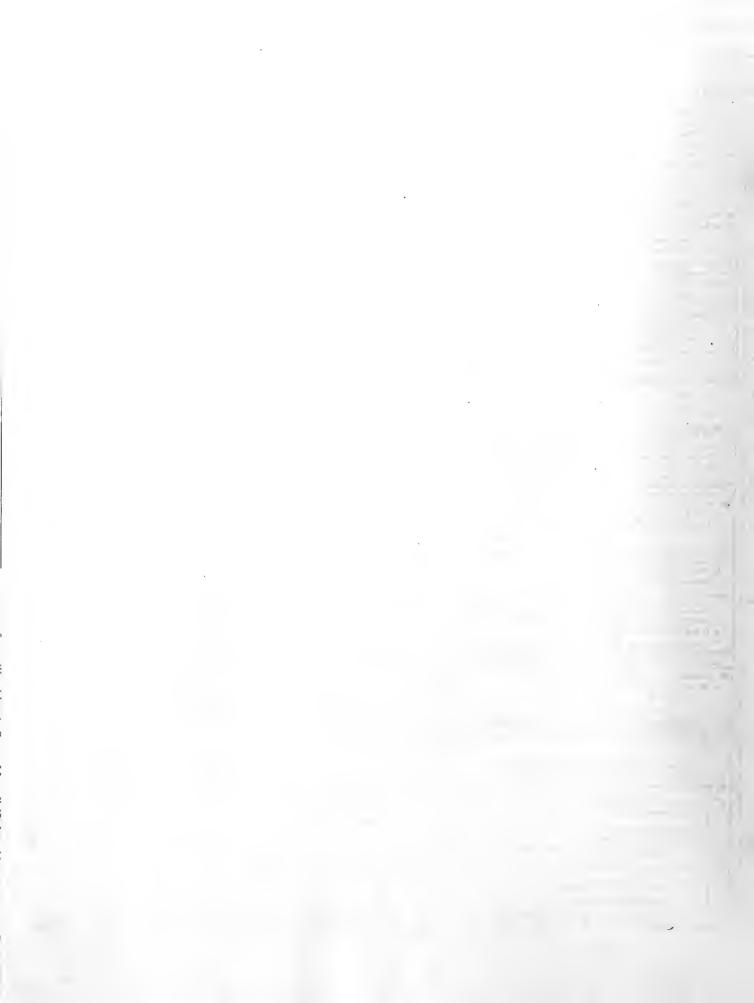
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YOUR HOUSEHOLD Please answer H30-H32 If you live in a one-family house			i						
which you own or are buying, unless this is -									
A mobile home or trailer									
A house on 10 or more acres									
A house with a commercial establishment	, אוף ווטט נט ווטצ	unu turn i	o page o.						
or medical office on the property J									
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?			your total re	-	-				
\$.00 OR O None			mortgages or						
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What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	<u> </u>								page
			ular monthl		-		red in H	132c) in	clude
\$.00 OR O None			real estate (property:			
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar			s included ir s paid separa			of required			
debt on this property?				•					
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt		-	ular monthl fire and haz					132c) in	clude
O Yes, contract to purchase			rance includ						
O No — Skip to page 6			rance paid se		•				
Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?									
O Yes O No									
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FOR CENS	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No To S.S.	Ø Ø I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø1123456789 Ø123456789 Ø1123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø12345	S.S. Yes O No O GQ. GQ. S.S.	Ø1133456789 2. Ø113345	0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 5 9 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	S.S. Yes O No O I I 2 2 3 4 5 5	0 I I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2
FOR CEN	1 S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No O	Ø I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789 Ø1123456789	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O O 1 2 3 4	Ø1133456789 2. Ø123456	0 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 5 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes O No O I I I 2 2 3 4 4	2. © 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2

Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	16. When was this person born? Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college?	22a. Did this person work at any time last week? O Yes — Fill this circle if this O Na — Fill this circle if this person worked full time or part time. (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in a family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.)			
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.	O Yes O No	Skip to 25 b. How many hours did this person work last week			
12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Warking at a job or business? O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	(at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.			
Yes, a naturalized citizen No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If Service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction auide.	23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print			
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959 O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	O Yes O No — Skip to 19 b. Was active-duty military service during —	It this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week. If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide. a. Address (Number and street)			
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	O February 1955—July 1964 O Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955) O World War II (September 1940—July 1947) O World War I (April 1917—November 1918)	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.			
(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.) c. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not well Not at all	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount <u>Yes No</u> of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.? O Yes O No, in unincorporated area			
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code 24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person			
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes b. How did this person usually get to work last week?			
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there.	Once O More than once b. Month and year Month and year of marriage? of first marriage?	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Taxicab Truck Motorcycle			
O Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person O Yes, this house — Skip to 16	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Öther — Specify			
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)? O Yes O No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.			
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11.	S USE ONLY			
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 <td>333333333333333333333333333333333333</td>	333333333333333333333333333333333333			
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?	? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?	777 777 777 777 777 777 77			

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person	work, even for a few	CEM	SHE II	SE ONLY
O Drive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	USE	days, at a paid job or in a busines				SE UNLY
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	O Yes	No - Skip to 31d	31b.	31c.	31d.
4 II	00	U les	5 140 - Skip 10 574	00	00	
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 8 8	b. How many weeks did this person	work in 1979?	1 1	s s I I	
0 2 0 4 0 6	1133	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, a		33	33	
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	044		Weeks	44	99	
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	111 5 5		Weeks	5.5	5.5	5.5
5. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	766	c. During the weeks worked in 1979	, how many hours did	6	GG	
or business last week?	77	this person usually work each we	ek?	7	77	
O Yes, on layoff	188		Hours	8	88	
O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	099			9	99	9
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979	(if any), how many weeks	32a.		32b.
Sa. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	00	was this person looking for work	or on layoff from a job?	000	301	0000
	II		Weeks	1 1 1	i I ¦	lili
Yes O No — Skip to 27	S S] 2 S S	•	ssss
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —		333		3 3 3 3
O No, already has a job	5 5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	hanna ahar da Han amanan	555	55!	4444
O No, temporarily ill	66	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" a If exact amount is not known, give best			56!	6666
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	77	received jointly by household members,			2 2	7777
O Yes, could have taken a job	88		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	888		8888
7. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	.∂ Э	During 1979 did this person receiv	e any income from the	999	- · •	9999
O 1990 O 1978 O 1970 to 1974	28.	following sources?	Many manaka di dahira	L	10	0 40
0 1979 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier	ABC	If "Yes" to any of the sources below -	How much did this	32c.		32d.
O Never worked	000	person receive for the entire year?		000	30	0000
8-30. Current or most recent job activity	1	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonu all jobs Report amount before		III		IIII
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	dues, or other items.	deductions for taxes, borios,	8 8 8		8888
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	000	O Yes e		333		33 3 3
this person worked the most hours.	GHI) No. "	.00.	555		5555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	(A)	nual amount - Dollars)	666	- 1	6666
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnersl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	777	2 2	7777
8. Industry	000	practice Report net income of	ter business expenses.	888	:	8888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		O Yes -> \$.00	999		9999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	111	■ ○ No (A)	nual amount - Dollars)	0 1	A O	0 40
	5 8 8	c. Own farm		32e.		32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	3 3	Report <u>net</u> income after operating exp	enses. Include earnings as	000	ခၑ ¦	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	9-9-	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1 1	11	1 1 1
Describe the activity at location where employed.	55	○ Yes → s	.00	-	s s¦	sss
	6.6	O No TAT	nual amount - Dollars)		3 3	333
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	88	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or n	et rental income		44	<u>ቀ</u> ቀ ቀ
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	99	Report even small amounts credited to			5 5 ¦ 5 6 ¦	5 5 5 6 6 6
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		○ Yes → s	00		7.7	777
Manufacturing	AF O	○ No *	.00		38	888
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NW O		nual amount – Dollars)	- 9 9	9 9	999
9. Occupation	20	e. Social Security or Railroad Retire	ment	132-	·+	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	O Yes -> \$.00	32g.		•
	NPQ	- ○ No (Ā)	nual amount - Dollars)	000		0000
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	000	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid	to Families with	111		5555
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or o		333		3333
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	or public welfare payments		444		4444
	UVW	○ Yes → s	.00	555		5555
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No CAT	nual amount - Dollars)	666		6666
order cierks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, v		777		7777
0. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	pensions, alimony or child suppo		888		8888 99 9 9
Employee of private company, business, or		of income received regularly			´ ´	0. A 0
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	00	Exclude lump-sum payments such as	noney from an inherisance	⊢ ■	$\overline{}$	
Federal government employee	1 1	or the sale of a home.		1 I	1 1	111
State government employee	333	O Yes \$.00	s s	S S	
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	444	■ ○ No	nual amount - Dollars)	3 3	3 3	
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total incom		44	44	
professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32e		5 5	55	
Own business not incorporated	777	through g; subtract any losses.	.00	7 ?	7 7	1 -
Own business incorporated	8.88		nnual amount – Dollars)	88	88	: ខ88



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

	,
ENERAL F-1	PUBLICATIONS—Con.
JBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
	tial Finance
Population and Housing Census	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
Reports F-1	Reports
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R2, History
Congress F-2	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	Index of Industries and
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Occupations
nomic, and Housing	PHC80-R4, Classified
Characteristics F-2	Index of Industries and
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Occupations
mates of Social, Economic,	PHC80-R5, Geographic
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	Identification Code
Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	COMPUTER TAPES
teristics of the Population F-2	
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2
Population Characteristics F-2	STF 3
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4
Social and Economic	STF 5
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population
Detailed Population	Counts
Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF)
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual
PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding
Reports	(GBF/DIME)
Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Samples
teristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS
General Housing	MICROFICHE
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche
Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche.
Characteristics F-3	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	The manufact of the 4000 Oc
Reports F-3	The results of the 1980 Census o
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in
nents of Inventory Change F-3	forms: printed reports, compute

tial Finance F-4 HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports F-4 luation and Reference PHC80-E. Evaluation and Research Reports. F-4 PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4 PHC80-R1, Users' Guide. . F-4 PHC80-R2, History F-4 PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations F-4 PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations F-4 PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme F-4 UTER TAPES F-4 nmary Tape Files F-4 STF 1 F-4 STF 2 F-4 STF 3 F-4 STF 4 F–5 STF 5 F–5 er Computer Tape Files . . . F-5 P.L. 94-171, Population Counts. F-5 Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF) F-5 Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)........F-5 Public-Use Microdata Census/EEO Special File.... F—5 F-5 OFICHE F-5 F 1 Microfiche F-5 F 3 Microfiche F-5 . 94-171 Counts Microfiche. . F-5

ERAL

esults of the 1980 Census of Popuand Housing are issued in three printed reports, computer tape files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing. 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the 'publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population. language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and crossclassifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B. Chapter B. Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing 'Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the (sample), PC80-1-C, PHC80-2 HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

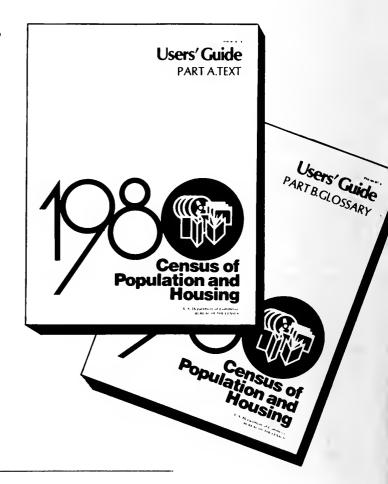
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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